

201
No. 201

UNITED STATES

VS.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 24th day of

February, 19 76 10:44 A.M.,

and proper entry made in TSP

Book No. #1, page 6

Charles W. Coit
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 201

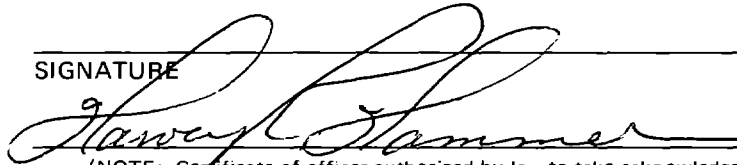
Form 668 (REV. 12-74)	DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY—INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN	For <i>Optional Use By Recording Office</i>
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER S-1663	RECEIVED FOR RECORD 1976 FEB 24 AM 10:44 QUEEN ANNE'S CO., MD. CLERK
I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>June 18</u> , 19 <u>64</u> , is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER Samuel C. Cohey		
RESIDENCE Centreville, Maryland		

KIND OF TAX (a)	TAX PERIOD ENDED (b)	DATE OF ASSESSMENT (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
Income	1962	5-31-63	62L 52 252035956	122.86
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 122.86

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 20th day of February, 19 76

SIGNATURE



TITLE

Chief, Special Procedures Staff

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 16449, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

No. 201

UNITED STATES

vs.

Samuel C Cokey

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 18th day of

June, 1964, at P. M.

*Recorded in Liber 2.S.P. No. 1, folio 6
a Federal Tax Lien Record Book for
Queen Anne's Co.*

Charles W Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

No. 202

UNITED STATES

vs.

James E. Price

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 25th day of

June, 1964, at 9 A. M.
Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 6
Federal Tax Credit Lien Record for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or-Register).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In an office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Lien # 202

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S - 1667

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

James E. Price

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Queen Anne, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040A Addl - 1962 Inc. Tax	3/6/64	62 D 123927	237.79
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 237.79

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 22nd day of June, 1964

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

Jackson R. Lynn
Jackson Lynn

TITLE

Irving Machiz

Act. Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 203

UNITED STATES

vs.

Gibson & Gibson
Interstate Masonry

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 25th day of

June, 1964, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 2, p. 1 folio 6
Federal Tax Lien Record Book for
Queen Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDICIAL CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In an office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof); with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit, or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any Internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien #203

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS		
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore, Md.</i>	SERIAL NUMBER <i>S- 1669</i>		
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:			
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>GIBSON & GIBSON INTERSTATE MASONRY</i>			
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <i>R.D. 1 Chester, Md.</i>			
TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
<i>941 06 63</i> <i>941 09 63</i> <i>941 12 63</i>	<i>09 16 63</i> <i>01 06 64</i> <i>03 27 64</i>	<i>52-0745168</i> <i>52-0745168</i> <i>52-0745168</i>	<i>4.88</i> <i>97.72</i> <i>44.68</i>
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of</i> <i>Queen Anne County</i> <i>Centreville, Md.</i>			TOTAL \$ <i>147.28</i>

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Md.* , on this,

the *24th* day of *June* , 19 *64*

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <i>Irving Machiz</i>	BY (Signature) 	TITLE <i>Acting</i> <i>Collection Manager</i>
---	--------------------	---

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No.

204

UNITED STATES

vs.
S. 1000

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 9494

Filed this 14th day of
January, 1965 11:06 A.M.,
and proper entry made in TSP

Book No.

1

page

67

Charles W. Paul

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

1.00 pd.



Lien # 204

Form 668

(REV. NOV. 1961)
(Formerly Form 669)U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN
(To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

9- 1670

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on June 25, 1964, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

David L. & Lillian M. Gibson

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

350 1, Chester, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
<i>CHOCOLATE 1962</i>	<i>24 05 66</i>	<i>62 2 126003</i>	<i>125.97</i>
PLACE OF FILING			
<i>Clerk of The Circuit Court of Jensen Area County, Md. Centerville, Md.</i>			
TOTAL			<i>\$ 125.97</i>

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,the 15th day of December, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Jas. B. Zeiler

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3 - To be used for recording purposes

No. 204

UNITED STATES

vs.

David L. + Lillian M.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 25th day of

June, 1964, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 28 P. 1, folio 6
Federal Tax Lien Record Book for Anne
Anne's Co. Charles W Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.**--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) **Under State or Territorial Laws.**--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) **With Clerk of District Court.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) **With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) **Exception.**--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 1670

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

David L. & Lillian M. Gibson

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

RFD 1, Chester, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040A ADDL. 1962	04 03 64	62 D 126085	126.97
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of The Circuit Court of Queen Anne County, Md. Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 126.97

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 24th day of June, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Jackson R. Lynn

TITLE

Acting
Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 205

UNITED STATES

vs.

a a v J Johnson

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 8818

Filed this 19th day of

November, 1964 A. M.,

and proper entry made in T.S.P.

Book No. 1, page 6

Charles W Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

8
1.00 pd



Lien # 205

Form 668
(REV. NOV. 1961)
(Formerly Form 669)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN
(To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)

DISTRICT

2- BALTIMORE, MD.

SERIAL NUMBER

8- 1687

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on August 5, 1964, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

A.A. G. J. ANTHONY

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

1017 BALDWIN STREET, BETHESDA, MD.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
<i>1040 1965</i>	<i>05 28 64</i>	<i>045 52 432225201</i>	<i>265.46</i>
PLACE OF FILING			
<i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Lucas Anne County Santreville, Md.</i>			
			TOTAL \$ <i>265.46</i>

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 3rd day of November, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Joe B. Zeiler

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3 - To be used for recording purposes

No. 205

UNITED STATES

vs.

A. A. & J. Anderson

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 5th day of

August, 1964, at 9 A. M.

*Recorded in Liber J.D.P. No. 1, folio 6
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.*

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.**--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) **Under State or Territorial Laws.**--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) **With Clerk of District Court.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) **With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) **EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.**--

(1) **Exception.**--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

BALTIMORE, MD.

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 1687

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

A.A. & J. ANDERSON

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

KENT ISLAND ESTATES, STEVENSVILLE, MD.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1963	05 22 64	64L 52 232225203	265.46
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 265.46

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,the 3rd day of August, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

By (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 206

UNITED STATES

vs.

Leroy Bell

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 25th day of

August, 1964, at 9 A. M.

Recorded in Liber 2. S. P. No. 6, folio 6, a Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, "as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Lien # 206

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

SERIAL NUMBER

S - 1701

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Leroy Bell

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Willis St. Cambridge Md

PLACE OF FILING	TOTAL	
Clerk of the Circuit Court Green Anne County Centerville Md	\$	571.14

the 20th day of October, 1964

BY Signature

Irving Machiz

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 207

UNITED STATES

vs.

Winfield Bratcher

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day of

September, 1964, at 9 A. m.

*Recorded in Liber 7, A.P. No. 1, folio 6
a Federal Tax Lien Record for
Queen Anne's Co.*

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTG PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUD CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In any case in which the property subject to the lien is situated in a State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the case of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 207

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S - 1720

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Winfield Bratcher

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Box 87, Sudlersville, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1962 Income Tax	5/24/63	63L 52 341351836	56.23
Addl 1962 Income Tax	4/3/64	62 D 126190	126.97

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court,
Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.

TOTAL

\$ 183.20

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 17th day of September, 1964

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

TITLE

Irving MachizJohn H. Walsh

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 208

UNITED STATES

vs.

Chas B. Finn (Held.)

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 25th day of

September, 1964, at 9 a. m.

*Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 6
a Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.*

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or-Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDG CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (1), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate, for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed, under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 208

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS
------------------------------	---

DISTRICT BALTIMORE, MD.	SERIAL NUMBER S - 1728
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER CHAS. B. FINN (DECD.)
--

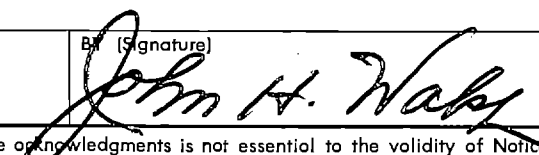
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS PERRYS CORNER, GRASONVILLE, MD.
--

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1963	5 22 64	63 OP 300046	486.66

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland	TOTAL \$	486.66
---	----------	---------------

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 24th day of September, 1964

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	By (Signature) 	TITLE Collection Manager
---	--	------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 209

UNITED STATES

vs.

J. Paul Meredith

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 31st day of
March, 1966 9:11 A. M.,

and proper entry made in Federal Tax
Lien Book No. 25.P.#1, page 6

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 209

Form 668
(REV. NOV. 1961)
(Formerly Form 669)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN
(To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

3-1732

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on September 28, 1964, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

J. PAUL HERBERT

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

R. D. 2 BOX 1800, QUEENSTOWN, MD.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)-	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
<u>FCI</u> <u>942</u> <u>09 63</u>	<u>8/24/64</u>	<u>58-0650112</u>	<u>326.70</u>
<u>942</u> <u>12 63</u>	<u>8/24/64</u>	<u>52-0500112</u>	<u>298.45</u>
<u>942</u> <u>0364</u>	<u>8/24/64</u>	<u>52-0600112</u>	<u>299.47</u>
<u>942</u> <u>08 64</u>	<u>8/24/64</u>	<u>52-0600112</u>	<u>83.57</u>

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Md.

TOTAL

\$ 738.20

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md.

, on this,

the 10th day of February, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Jos. B. Zeiler

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 209

UNITED STATES

vs.

J. Paul Meredith

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 28th day of

September, 1964, at 9:00 a.m.

*Recorded in Liber J.A.P. No. 1, folio 6,
a Federal Tax Lien Record for Green
Anner's Co.*

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (as Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

DISTRICT

BALTIMORE, MD.

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 1732

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

J. PAUL MEREDITH

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

R. D. 2 BOX 180B, QUEENSTOWN, MD.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1941 941 09 63	8/24/64	52-0688112	326.76
941 12 63	8/24/64	52-0688112	198.48
941 0364	8/24/64	52-0688112	199.47
941 06 64	8/24/64	52-0688112	13.57

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Md.

TOTAL

\$ 738.28

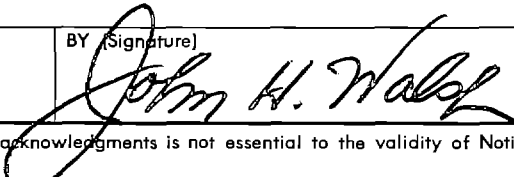
WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md, on this,

the 24th day of September, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 210

UNITED STATES

vs.

George M. Jones
Stevensville, Md.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 7th day of

October, 1964, at 9 A. M.

Recorded in Liber S.S.P. No. 1, folio 6,
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen Anne's
County Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless on another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In an office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the case of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

C. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 210

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT BALTIMORE, MD. SERIAL NUMBER S- 1746

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

GEORGE M. JOHNS

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

STEVENSVILLE, MD.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040A ADDL 1962	05 08 64	62 ME 102394	120.08

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Md.

TOTAL \$ 120.08

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 8th day of October, 1964

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 211

UNITED STATES

vs.

Maryland Seafood Cooperative Assoc.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 21st day of

October, 1964, at 7 A.M.

*Recorded in Liber J.S.Phs. 1, folio 6, a
Federal Tax Record for Queen Anne's Co.*

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar)

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise of the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDICIAL CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 211

DISTRICT **Baltimore, Md.**

SERIAL NUMBER
S-1750

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER
Maryland Seafood Cooperative Assoc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
Kent Narrows, Grasonville, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 06 64	10 8 64	52 0730965	1,394.01

PLACE OF FILING
**Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Md.**

TOTAL \$ **1,394.01**

WITNESS my hand at **Salisbury, Md.**, on this,

the **16th** day of **October**, 19 **64**.

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE
Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)
John H. Walz

TITLE
Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 212

UNITED STATES

vs.

Castle Marina, Inc

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 27th day of

October, 1964, at 9 A. m.

Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 6
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen

Anne's Co. *Charles W. Cecil*
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDICIAL CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 212

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS		
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER S-1756		
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:			
NAME OF TAXPAYER Castle Marina, Inc.			
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Box 45, Chester, Md.			
TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 03 64 940 12 62	09 18 64 09 18 64	52-0748024 52-0748024	1,243.62 280.36
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 1,523.98

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 26th day of October, 1964

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Francis G. Duehay, Acting	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Collection Manager
---	--------------------	------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No.

213

UNITED STATES

vs.

Amity Corp.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 27th day of

October, 1964, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber S.P. No. 1, folio 6, a
Federal Tax Lien for P. D. Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDICIAL CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 213

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER	
---------------	--

S- 1757 •

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

AMITY CORP.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

POST OFFICE BOX 45, CHESTER, MD.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
940 12 63	09 18 64	52-0738285	415.08
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.</i>			TOTAL \$ 415.08

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 26th day of October, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Francis G. Duehay, Acting

BY  (Signature)

BY (Signature) John H. Walsh

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 214

UNITED STATES

vs.

*Maryland Seafood Co.
Operating Assn.*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 19th day of

November, 1964, at 9 A. m.

*Recorded in Liber T.A.P. No. 1, folio 6,
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.*

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDG CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice, or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice, or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Lien # 214

DISTRICT
Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER
S- 1768

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER
Maryland Seafood Co-Operative Assoc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
Kent Narrows, Grasonville, Md. 21638

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 03-31-64	06 19 64	52-0730965	36.92
941 09-30-64	11 09 64	52-0730965	3,482.94

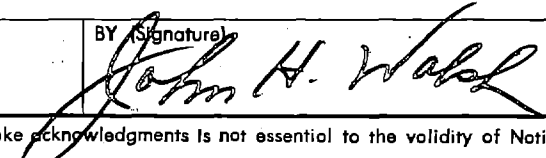
PLACE OF FILING
Clerk of the Circuit Court of
Queen Anne County
Centreville, Md.

TOTAL \$ 3,519.86

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 19th day of November, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE
Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)


TITLE
Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 215

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 10147

Filed this 8th day of March, 1965 ^{P.}_{2:45 M.}

and proper entry made in T S P

Book No. 1, page 6

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 215

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)
DISTRICT <u>Baltimore, Md.</u>	SERIAL NUMBER 8 - 1790

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on December 4, 1964, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.


NAME OF TAXPAYER <u>John Earl & G. E. Steward</u>
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <u>RFD # 3, Centreville, Md.</u>

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 - 1963	7/10/64	63 BF 101111	1,994.41

PLACE OF FILING <u>Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.</u>	TOTAL	<u>\$1,994.41</u>
---	-------	-------------------

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 17th day of February, 1965

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <u>Irving Machiz</u>	BY (Signature) 	TITLE <u>Special Procedures Advisor</u>
---	--	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 215

UNITED STATES

John Earl + vs. E. E. Steward

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 4th day of

December, 1964, at 9 A.M.

*Recorded in Liber 28 P. No. 1, folio 6,
Federal Tax Lien Record Book for
Queen Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or-Register).*

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS
-------------------------------------	---

DISTRICT <u>Baltimore, Md.</u>	SERIAL NUMBER S - 1790
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

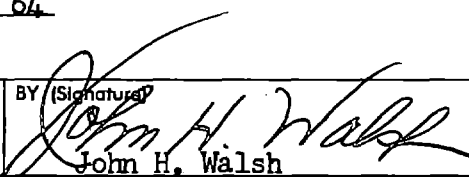
NAME OF TAXPAYER <u>John Earl & G. E. Steward</u>
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <u>RFD # 3, Centreville, Md.</u>

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 - 1963	7/10/64	63 BP 101111	1,994.41

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.	TOTAL	\$1,994.41
---	--------------	-------------------

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 30th day of November, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <u>Irving Machiz</u>	BY (Signature)  <u>John H. Walsh</u>	TITLE Collection Manager
---	--	------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No.

216

UNITED STATES

vs.

Louis P. Kunzelman

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day of

December, 1964, at 9 A. M.

Recorded in Liber 28 P. 1, folio 6.
Federal Tax Lien Record for Q4 C.

Charles W. Cress

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDICIAL CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed in the State or Territory or in the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Lien # 216

No.

217

UNITED STATES

vs.

James H. Whittier

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day of

December, 1964, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber 2 A.P. No. 1, folio 6, a Federal Tax Lien Record for P.A.C. Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 217

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore Md

SERIAL NUMBER

S -1810

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

James H W hittico

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

112 Holton St Centreville Md

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
Income Addl 1962	3/13/64	62D 124667	126.53

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court
Queen Anne County
Centreville Md

TOTAL

\$ 126.53

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury Md, on this,

the 16th day of December, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Jackson R Lynn

TITLE

Acting Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 218

UNITED STATES

VS.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 24th day of

February, 19 76 10:44 A.M.,

and proper entry made in TSP

1 Book No. 1, page 6

Charles W. Deal
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 218

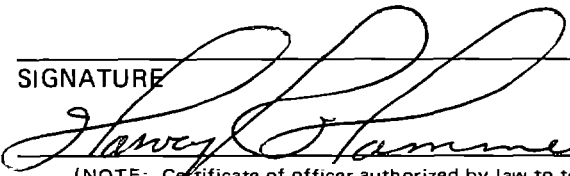
Form 668 (REV. 12-74)	DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY—INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN		For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER S-1812		RECEIVED FOR RECORD & RECORDED IN LIEBH FOLIO 1976 FEB 24 AM 10:44 RECORD FOR QUEEN ANNE'S CO., MD. CHARLES W. CECIL, CLERK
I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on December 22 , 19 64 , is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.			
NAME OF TAXPAYER Samuel C. Cohey			
RESIDENCE Centreville, Maryland			

KIND OF TAX (a)	TAX PERIOD ENDED (b)	DATE OF ASSESSMENT (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	1963	8-21-64	63 OP 401241	483.06

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland	TOTAL \$ 483.06
--	------------------------

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 20th day of February, 1976

SIGNATURE 	TITLE Chief, Special Procedures Staff
---	---

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

Int

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

UNITED STATES

vs.

Samuel C. Cokey

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day ofDecember, 1964, at 9 A. m.*Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 6,
Federal Tax Lien Record for D.C.**Charles W. Ceesh*

Clerk (or Registrar).

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, far an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore Md

SERIAL NUMBER

S -1812

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Samuel C Cohey

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Centreville Md

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1963	8 21 64	63 OP 401241	483.06
PLACE OF FILING			
Clerk of the Circuit Court Queen Anne County, Centreville Md			TOTAL \$ 483.06

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury Md, on this,the 16th day of December, 19 64

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Jackson R Lynn

TITLE

Acting Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 219

UNITED STATES

VS.

E. R. & M. J. Bradley

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 19th day of

January, 1965, at 9 A. M.

Recorded in Liber J. S. P. No. 1, folio 6,
Federal Tax Lien Record Book for Q. R. Co.
Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGE PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDG. CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law created an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 219

(REV. NOV. 1961)

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 1828

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

E. R. & M. T. Bradley

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
<i>1040 1963</i>	<i>05 28 64</i>	<i>64L 52 252037901</i>	<i>98.57</i>
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk Of The Circuit Court Of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.</i>			TOTAL \$ <i>98.57</i>

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Md.*, on this,the *15th* day of *January*, 19 *65*

Acting

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Francis G. Duehay

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsby

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 220

UNITED STATES

vs.

Wrights Delicatessen Inc

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day of

January 1965, at 9 A. m.
Recorded in Liber J. I. P. No. 1, folio
6, Federal Tax Lien Record for
Queen Anne Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGE PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(c) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate.

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under section (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS
DISTRICT <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"><i>BALTIMORE, MD.</i></div>	SERIAL NUMBER <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"><i>S- 1836</i></div>

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER *WRIGHTS DELICATESSEN INC.*

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
STEVENSVILLE, MD.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
XXX 941 12-31-63	11/13/64	52-0733623	156.90
941 03-31-64	12/31/64	52-0733623	438.53
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of THIS Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.</i>			TOTAL \$ <i>595.43</i>

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Md.*, on this,

the *21st* day of *January*, 19 *65*

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <i>Irving Machiz</i>	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Acting Collection Manager
---	--------------------	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 221

UNITED STATES

vs.

Maryland Seafood Co. of Assn
Inc

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 7th day of

February, 1965, at 9 A. m.
Recorded in Liber 2.1.1. No. 1, folio
6, Federal Tax Lien Record Book for
Queen Anne's Co.
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE; PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.**--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) **EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.**--

(1) **Exception.**--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, or of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**--If a notice of lien has been filed under section (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 221

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	DATE	TIME	INITIALS
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100

S- 1853

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Maryland Seafood Co-op Assn. Inc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
Exc 138 2290 Beg. 7 64 DEL.	11 27 64	EI 52 0730965	334.33
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 334.33

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md. _____, on this, _____

the 9th day of February, 19 65

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

T I T L E

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 222

UNITED STATES

vs.

*Maryland Seafood Cooperative
Assoc.*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 15th day of

March, 1965, at 9 A. m.
*Recorded in Liber J.S.P.H. 1, folio 6, a
Federal Tax Lien Record Book for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (ex-Registrar).*

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDICIAL CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

C. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 222

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 1892

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Maryland Seafood Cooperative Assoc

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Kent Narrows Grasonville Maryland 21638

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	INTERNAL REVENUE REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 64-12	February 16, 1965	52-0730965	\$ 681.27
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court Queen Annes County Centerville, Maryland			TOTAL \$ 681.27

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 10 th day of March, 19 65

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsch

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 223

UNITED STATES

vs.

Clifton R. Wright

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 29th day of

March, 1965, at 9 A. m.

Recorded in Liber 211 P. 60, folio 6,
Federal Tax Lien Record for Clifton R. Wright

By Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 223

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS
------------------------------	---

DISTRICT <u>Baltimore, Md.</u>	SERIAL NUMBER <u>S - 1903</u>
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Clifton R. Wright

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Barclay, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1963 Income Tax	9/18/64	63 OP 700351	238.94

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.	TOTAL \$ 238.94
---	-----------------

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 25th day of March, 1965

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <u>Irving Machiz</u>	BY (Signature)  <u>John H. Walsh</u>	TITLE <u>Collection Manager</u>
---	--	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 224

UNITED STATES

vs.

Charles E. Baker

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 29th day ofMarch, 1965, at 9 A. m.*Recorded in Liber 31 P. 1, folio 6.
a Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.**Charles W. Cecil*

Clerk (or Registrar)

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

C. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 224

(REV. NOV. 1961)

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S - 1904

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Charles E. Baker

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Box 165, Sudlersville, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1962 Income Tax	12/6/63	T 87(64)	384.97
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 384.97

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,the 25th day of March, 1965

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

Irving Machiz

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 225

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

R 12607

Filed this 20th day of

September, 1965 10:25 PM.,

and proper entry made in TSP

Book No. 1, page 6

Charles W Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

*
1.00 pd



Lien # 225

Form 668

(REV. NOV. 1961)
(Formerly Form 669)U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN
(To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

1906

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on April 2, 1965, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Ralph E. & Cloriel Steward

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Crasonville, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1963	9 - 25 - 64	63 ME 108067	327.99

PLACE OF FILING

**Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland**TOTAL \$ **327.99**WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,the 16th day of September, 19 65

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Geo. B. Zeiler

TITLE

Special Procedures Adviso.

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 225

UNITED STATES

vs.

Ralph R. + Gloria L. Steward
Grotonville, Md.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 2nd day of

April, 1965, at 9 A. M.

*Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 6, a
Federal Tax Record for Queen Anne's Co.*

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or-Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.**--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) **EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.**--

(1) **Exception.**--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

DISTRICT Baltimore SERIAL NUMBER S- 1906

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER Ralph R & Gloria L Steward

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Grasonville, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 Addl 1963	9 - 25 - 64	63 ME 108067	327.99

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland TOTAL \$ 327.99

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 29 th day of March, 1965

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz BY (Signature) John H. Walsh TITLE Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

226
No. 226

UNITED STATES

VS.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

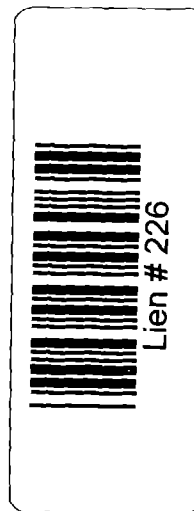
Filed this 24th day of

February, 19 76 10:44 A.M.,

and proper entry made in TSP

1
Book No. 1, page 6

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



S-1915

Centreville, Maryland

CHARLES W. CECIL, CLERK

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION
500 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

1975 FEB 24 AM 10:44

RECEIVED FROM RECORDS
RECORDED IN 1968
FOLD

TOTAL	\$	346.46
-------	----	--------

, on this,

Chief, Special Procedures Staff

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

No. 226

UNITED STATES

vs.

Samuel C. Cohey

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 20th day of

April, 1965, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber 2 A.P. No. 1, folio 6
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (as Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

DISTRICT Baltimore SERIAL NUMBER S - 1915

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition hereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Samuel C Cohey

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Centreville, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1962	12-18-64	62 D 140661	346.46

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centerville, Maryland

TOTAL

\$ 346.46

WITNESS my hand at Balisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 15 th. day of April, 1965

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 227

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

UNITED STATES

vs.

Roberto Steadman

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 7th day ofMay, 1965, at 9 A. m.*Recorded in Liber J. S. P. No. 1, p. 6, Federal Tax Lien for Queen's Anne's Co.*
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGE PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any Internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 227

DISTRICT
Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER
S - 1919

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER
Roberto Steadman

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
Woodlawn Diner , Queenstown, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1963	9-04-64	63 OP 700209	110.51

PLACE OF FILING
Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland

TOTAL \$ 110.51

WITNESS my hand at
Salisbury, Maryland

, on this,

the 4 th day of May , 19 65

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE
Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)
John H. Walsh

TITLE
Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 228

UNITED STATES

vs.

Leroy Hatch Liske

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 29th day of

June 1965 at 9 A. m.

Recorded in Liber 2.D.P. No. 1, folio 6.
a Federal Tax Lien Record for Carson

Carson's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Register).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.** Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) **Under State or Territorial Laws.**—In an office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) **With Clerk of District Court.**—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) **With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.**—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) **EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.**—

(1) **Exception.**—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; money.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**—If a notice of lien has been filed under section (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**—Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 228

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT	Baltimore, Md.	SERIAL NUMBER	S - 1943
----------	----------------	---------------	----------

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Leroy Hatch Fiske

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Chesterfield Ave., Centreville, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
Exc 138 - 2290 Beg 7/64	1/8/65	6412 12 912603	182.78

PLACE OF FILING

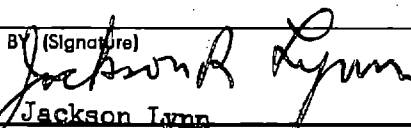
Clerk of the Circuit Court,
Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.

TOTAL \$ 182.78

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,the 24th day of June, 19 65

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Act. Collection Manager

Francis Duehay, ActingJackson Lynn

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 229

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 16398

Filed this 25th day of

July, 1966 10:56 AM.,

and proper entry made in Federal Tax Lien

Record Book No. _____, page _____

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 229

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)	SERIAL NUMBER 8- 1962
DISTRICT Baltimore		

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on September 8, 1965, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER
Walter J Baker T/A W J Baker P.O. Box 13 Stevensville, Maryland

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
Stevensville, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 3-31-63	6-25-65	52-0811702	6.04
941 10 & 20 56	6-04-65	5606 6 1740007	13.53
941 20 & 30 54	6-04-65	5406 6 1740005	16.25
941 12-31-64	6-15-65	52-0811702	23.72
941 30 & 40 53	6-04-65	5306 6 1740004	25.15
941 12-31-63	6-25-65	52-0811702	32.17
941 9-30-64	6-25-65	52-0811702	39.54
941 20-40 55	6-04-65	5506 6 1740006	36.20
941 20-40 57	6-04-65	5706 6 1740008	41.80
941 10-40 58	6-04-65	5806 6 1740009	47.07
941 10-40 59	6-04-65	5906 6 1740010	108.11
941 10-40 60	6-04-65	6006 6 1740011	128.46
941 10-40 62	6-04-65	6206 6 1740013	135.50
941 10-40 61	6-04-65	6106 6 1740012	157.78

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of Circuit Court Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland	TOTAL	\$ 811.32
---	-------	------------------

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 18th day of July, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Chief, Special Procedures Section
---	--------------------	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 229

UNITED STATES

VS.

Walter J. Baker
7a W J Baker

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 8th day of

September, 1965, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber D.S.P. No. 1, folio 8, a
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Burner Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any Internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for, or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER
S- 1962

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Walter J Baker T/A W J Baker P.O. Box 13 Stevensville, Maryland

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Stevensville, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 3-31-63	6-25-65	52-0811702	6.04
941 1Q & 2Q 56	6-04-65	5606 6 1740007	13.53
941 2Q & 3Q 54	6-04-65	5406 6 1740005	16.25
941 12-31-64	6-15-65	52-0811702	23.72
941 3Q & 4Q 53	6-04-65	5306 6 1740004	25.15
941 12-31-63	6-25-65	52-0811702	32.17
941 9-30-64	6-25-65	52-0811702	39.54
941 2Q-4Q 55	6-04-65	5506 6 1740006	36.20
941 2Q-4Q 57	6-04-65	5706 6 1740008	41.80
941 1Q-4Q 58	6-04-65	5806 6 1740009	47.07
941 1Q-4Q 59	6-04-65	5906 6 1740010	108.11
941 1Q-4Q 60	6-04-65	6006 6 1740011	128.46
941 1Q-4Q 62	6-04-65	6206 6 1740013	135.50
941 1Q-4Q 61	6-04-65	6106 6 1740012	157.78

PLACE OF FILING

**Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland**

TOTAL \$ **811.32**

WITNESS my hand at **Salisbury, Maryland**, on this,

the **2nd.** day of **September**, 19 **65**

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Wake

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 230

UNITED STATES

vs.

Maryland Seafood Cooperative
Aspx

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day of

September, 1965, at 9 A. M.

Recorded in Liber J. S. P. No. 1, folio
8, a Federal Tax Lien for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGE PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate.

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under section (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 230

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS
------------------------------	---

DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.	SERIAL NUMBER S - 1970
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER Maryland Seafood Cooperative Assoc.
--

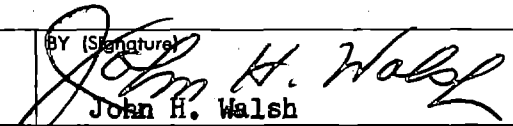
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Kent Narrows, Grasonville, Md. 21638

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 - 3/31/65	5/11/65	52-0730965	457.20

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.	TOTAL \$ 457.20
---	------------------------

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 13th day of September, 19 65

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature)  John H. Walsh	TITLE Collection Manager
---	--	------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 65-490

UNITED STATES

vs.

William J O'Neill Transferee
(O'Neill Inc. Transferor)

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 12th day of

March, 1974 11:01 A.M.,

and proper entry made in Fed Tax Lien

Record Book No. TSP No. 1, page 9

Charles H. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 231

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)
DISTRICT <u>Wilmington, Delaware</u>	SERIAL NUMBER <u>65-690</u>

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on Oct. 6, 1965, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

William J. O'Neill Transformer (O'Neill Inc. Transformer)

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

500 West 19th Street Wilmington, Delaware

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
3031 Corp. FINE/21/62	3/26/65	D-1278-652	9,176.01
TOTAL			\$ 9,176.01

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court
of Queen Anne County, Md.
Centreville, MarylandWITNESS my hand at Wilmington, De., on this,the 25 day of Feb, 1974

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

TITLE

Revenue Officer

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 4 - To be retained by SPS

No. 231

UNITED STATES

vs.

*William J. O'Neill, Transferee
(O'Neill Inc Transferee)*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 4th day of

Oct., 1965, at 9 A. m.

*Recorded in Liber D.B.P. No. 1, folio 8 a
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queens County
Co. Charles W. Cecil*

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(c) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.**--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) **Under State or Territorial Laws.**--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) **With Clerk of District Court.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) **With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) **Exception.**--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(c) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT Wilmington, Delaware SERIAL NUMBER 65-490

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes including interest and penalties which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

William J. O'Neill Transferee (O'Neill Inc. Transferor)

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

500 West 19th. Street Wilmington, Delaware

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
3031 Corp. FYE2/28/62	3/26/65	D-1278-65L	9,176.01

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court
of Queen Anne County, Md.
Centreville, Maryland

TOTAL \$ 9,176.01

WITNESS my hand at Wilmington, Delaware, on this,

the 29th day of September, 19 65

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

J. H. Kennedy

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Revenue Officer

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 232

UNITED STATES

vs.

J. Paul Meredith
Betty Jane Meredith

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 31st day of
March, 1966 9 A.M.,

and proper entry made in Federal Tax
Lien Book No. 28.P.1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 232

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN
(To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

5-1985

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on October 8, 1965, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

J Paul & Betty Jane Meredith

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Queenstown, Md. 21658

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	4-15-65	218-12-1711	456.11

PLACE OF FILING

**Clerk of Circuit Court
Centreville
Queen Annes County, Maryland**

TOTAL

\$

456.11

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 9th day of March, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Francis G. Duchay Acting

BY (Signature)

Don. B. Zailer

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

J. Paul + Betty Jane Meredith

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 8th day of*October*, 1965, at 9 A. M.
Recorded in Liber P. S. P. No. 1, folio 8, a
Federal Tax Lien Record Book for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

S-1985

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

J Paul & Betty Jane Meredith

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Queenstown, Md. 21658

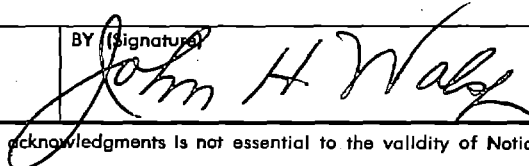
TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	4-15-65	218-12-1711	456.11
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of Circuit Court Centreville Queen Annes County, Maryland			TOTAL \$ 456.11

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,the 30 th. day of September, 1965

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 233

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 15186

Filed this 21st day of

April, 1966 M.,

and proper entry made in P&P

Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 233

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER 9- 1989

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on October 13, 1965, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Vernon W & Patricia A Lee

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasenville, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	5-12-65	219-34-3011	76.34

PLACE OF FILING

**Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland**

TOTAL

\$

76.34

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 14th day of April, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Jo. B. Zailer

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 233

UNITED STATES

vs.

Vernon W. & Patricia A. Lee

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 13th day of

October, 1965, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber J. L. P. No. 1, folio 8
a Federal Tax Lien Record for Jones
Ames Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (as Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS
DISTRICT <u>Baltimore</u>	SERIAL NUMBER <u>S- 1989</u>

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

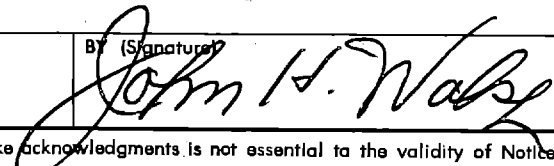
NAME OF TAXPAYER	<u>Vernon W & Patricia A Lee</u>
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS	<u>Grasonville, Maryland</u>

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	5-12-65	219-34-3011	76.34

PLACE OF FILING <u>Clerk of Circuit Court</u> <u>Queen Annes County</u> <u>Centreville, Maryland</u>	TOTAL	\$ <u>76.34</u>
---	-------	-----------------

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 6 th. day of October, 1965

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE	BY (Signature)	TITLE
<u>Irving Machiz</u>		<u>Collection Manager</u>

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 234

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

R 16635

Filed this 12th day of

August, 1966 11:29 AM.,

and proper entry made in TSP

Fed Tax Book No. 1, page 8,

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

+

1.00 pd.



Lien # 234

Form 668

(REV. NOV. 1961)
(Formerly Form 669)U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN
(To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)

DISTRICT

~~Baltimore~~

SERIAL NUMBER

~~S-2037~~

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on November 12, 1965, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Stanley Stearns

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Stevensville, Maryland 21666

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	4-15-65	538 18 7642	461.41
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of Circuit Court Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland			TOTAL \$ 461.41

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,the 9th day of August, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Geo. B. Zwick

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3 - To be used for recording purposes

No. 234

UNITED STATES

VS.

Stanley Stearns

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 12th day of

November, 1965, at 9A. m.

Recorded in Liber 2. S. P. No. 1, folio 8 &
Federal Tax Lien Record Book for
Q. A. Co. Charles W. Cress
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgage, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide, by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS
DISTRICT <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">Baltimore</div>	SERIAL NUMBER <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">S-2037</div>

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

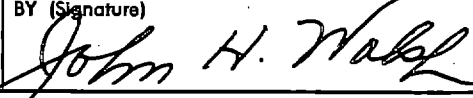
NAME OF TAXPAYER	Stanley Stearns
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS	Stevensville, Maryland 21666

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	4-15-65	538 18 7642	461.41

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of Circuit Court Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland	TOTAL	\$ 461.41
--	-------	-----------

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 8 th day of November, 1965

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE	BY (Signature)	TITLE
Irving Machiz		Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 235

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 16419

Filed this 27th day of

July, 19 66 9 A. M.,

and proper entry made in Fed Tax Lien

D. C. P. Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 235

Form 668
(REV. NOV. 1961)
(Formerly Form 669)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN
(To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

J-2395

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on November 23, 1965, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

G. Loutrell & Helen Timmons

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

P.O. Box-186, St. Michaels, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040, 1960 1040, 1961	6/11/65 6/11/65	T-517(65) T-519(65)	\$ 14,107.46 728.01
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland			TOTAL \$ 14,745.47

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 21st day of July, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John C. Brown

TITLE

**Chief,
Special Procedures Section**

(NOTE) Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3 - To be used for recording purposes

No. 235

UNITED STATES

vs.

G. Loutrick & Helen Lemanus

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 23rd day of

November, 1965, at 9 A. m.

*Recorded in Liber J.B.P. No. 1, folio 8, a
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's*

Co. Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 1-1-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.**--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) **Under State or Territorial Laws.**--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) **With Clerk of District Court.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) **With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) **EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.**--

(1) **Exception.**--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS
-------------------------------------	---

DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER J-2395
------------------------------	--------------------------------

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:


NAME OF TAXPAYER
G. Loutrell & Helen Timanus

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
P.O. Box-186, St. Michaels, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040, 1960	6/11/65	T-517(65)	\$ 14,107.46
1040, 1961	6/11/65	T-519(65)	728.01
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland			TOTAL \$ 14,745.47

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 22nd day of November, 19 65

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature)  John F. Cooper	TITLE Senior Revenue Officer
---	---	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 236

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 28714

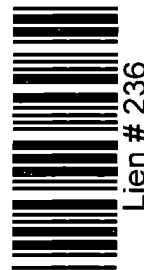
Filed this 7th day of
March, 1969 2:30 P.M.,

and proper entry made in Liber

C.W.C. Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)



Lien # 236

\$3.00 Pd

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER \$ 2071

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on November 26, 1965, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER
Eldridge E & Margaret A Meredith


RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
Croftonville, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	4-15-65	218 16 6395	39.40

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of Circuit Court Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland	TOTAL \$ 39.40
---	-----------------------

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 14th day of October, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Special Procedures Advisor
---	--	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 236

UNITED STATES

vs.

Eldridge E. & Margaret A. Meredith

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 26th day of

November, 1965, at 9 A. m.

*Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1 folio 8
Federal Tax Lien Record Book for
Queen Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil*

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice, or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice, or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

8-2071

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Eldridge E & Margaret A Meredith

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	4-15-65	218 16 6395	39.40

PLACE OF FILING

**Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland**

TOTAL \$ **39.40**

WITNESS my hand at **Salisbury, Maryland**, on this,

the **16 th** day of **November**, 19**65**

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Jackson R. Lynn

TITLE

act.

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 237

UNITED STATES

vs.

Calvin A. Thomas

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 17th day of

January, 1966, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber T.B.P. No. 1, folio 8
a Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or-Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 1-1-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAG PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGM CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

C. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 237

(REV. NOV. 1961)

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S -2093

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Calvin A. Thomas

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Church Hill, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 - 12/31/64	6/2/65	217-12-4544	321.38
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617			TOTAL \$ 321.38

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,the 12th day of January, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

TITLE

Irving MachizJohn H. WalshCollection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 238

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 11th day of

August, 1966 ^{A.}_{10:55 M.}

and proper entry made in TSP

2nd System Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

1.0000



Lien # 238

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)	SERIAL NUMBER 8-2101
DISTRICT Baltimore		

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on January 18, 1966, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER
John L & Constance K Hurley

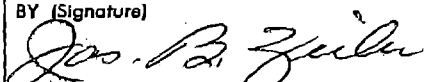
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
Chester, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	6-02-65	217 12 4434	326.72

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of Circuit Court Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland	TOTAL \$ 326.72
--	------------------------

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 8th day of August, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Special Procedures Advisor
---	--	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 238

UNITED STATES

VS.

John L. + Constance K. Hurley

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 18th day of

January, 1966, at 9 A. m.

Recorded in Liber T.B.P. No. 1, folio 8.
Federal Tax Lien Record for Cullen Anne's
Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Register).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

S-2101

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

John L. & Constance K. Hurley

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Chester, Maryland

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 1964	6-02-65	217 12 4484	326.72
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of Circuit Court Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland			TOTAL \$ 326.72

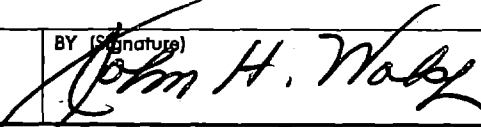
WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 14 day of January, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 239

UNITED STATES

vs.

Harrison W. Cooper

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 4th day of
April, 1967 9:00 A.M.,

and proper entry made in Tax Lien

J.S.P. Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (~~or Registrar~~).



Lien # 239

Form 668
(REV. NOV. 1961)
(Formerly Form 669)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN
(To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

0-2643

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on January 28, 1966 is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Harrison W. Cooper

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Route 1 Brington Chestertown, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
10401 1963 Addl	6/18/65	D 130818 65L	390.25
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland			TOTAL \$ 390.25

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 4th day of April, 1967

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Jos. B. Zeiler

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3 - To be used for recording purposes

UNITED STATES

vs.

Harrison W. Cooper

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 28th day ofJanuary, 1966, at 9 A. m.*Recorded in Liber I.S.P. No. 1, folio
8, Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's
Co. Charles W. Cress*
Clerk (or Registrar).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

(REV. NOV. 1961)

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

0-2643

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Harrison W. Cooper

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Route 1 Ewington Chestertown, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040A 1963 Addl	6/18/65	D 130818 65L	390.25
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland			TOTAL \$ 390.25

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,the 26th day of January, 19 66.

DEF W/A

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE
Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Asst. Chief - OCF

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 240

UNITED STATES

vs.

Maryland Seafood Cooperative Association, Inc.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this *4th* day of

February, 19*66*, at *9 A.M.*
Recorded in Liber 25 P. 1 folio 8 a Federal Tax Lien Record
James C. Charles, Jr., Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 3-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.** Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate —

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In an office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.** — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) **EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.** —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien

provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.** — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of title or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or any other security.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.** — If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is required to provide by rules or regulations the extent, date, and the conditions under which, information regarding the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

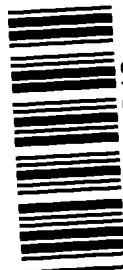
SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL CHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) **RELEASE OF LIEN.** — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue an order of release of any lien imposed with respect to such property if —

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.** — The

Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.** — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 240

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT.

Baltimore

NO.

0-2659

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Maryland Seafood Cooperative Association, Inc

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Kent Narrows, Grasonville Md 21638

[illegible]

Clerk of the Circuit Court
of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Md

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore Maryland, on this, _____

the 3rd day of February 19 66

N*DIR

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

IRVING MACHIZ

BY (Signature) _____

(Signature)
A. J. Amarello

TITLE

ASST CHIEF OCF

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 1 — To be retained by recording office

No. 241

UNITED STATES

V S.

Donald G. Anthony

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this _____ day of

_____, 19____ M.,

and proper entry made in _____

Book No. _____, page _____

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV 2-77)



3.00 Pd.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY — INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER
S-2138

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on February 4, 1966, is hereby authorized to make notation on the books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Donald G. Anthony

RESIDENCE

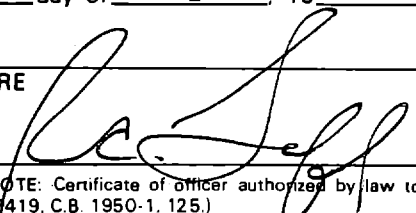
Grasonville, Maryland 21638

RECEIVED
CLERK, CIRCUIT COURT
1979 MAY 17 PM 1:17
QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY

KIND OF TAX (a)	TAX PERIOD ENDED (b)	DATE OF ASSESSMENT (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	1964	09-22-65	214-32-2233	\$242.02
MAY 17-79 * 28405 *****3.00 MAY 17-79 A \$28405 *****3.00				
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 242.02

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland on this,the 14th day of May, 19 79

SIGNATURE



TITLE

Acting
Chief, Special Procedures Staff

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Donald G. Anthony

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 4th day of

February, 1966, at P.R. m.
 Recorded in Liber P.S.P. No. 1, folio 8
 Federal Tax Lien Record for Cases
 Cune's Co. Charles W. Cune
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 3-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate —

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien

provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN. — If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if —

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

NO.

S-2138

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Donald G Anthony

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Md 21638

NATURE OF TAX (a)	ACCOUNT NO. (b)	YEAR OR TAXABLE PERIOD (c)	ASSESSMENT DATE (d)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	214 32 2233	1964	9-22-65	\$ 242.02
TOTAL				\$ 242.02

Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland

_, on this,

the 2 nd day of February, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

BY (Signature) John H. Walsh

TIT E

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 1 — To be retained by recording office

UNITED STATES

vs.

Leon Anderson

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 16th day of

February, 1966, at 9 A.M.
 Recorded in Liber 22, P. 40, folio 8
 Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anderson Co.
 Charles W. Cheel
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 3-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEE, PLEDGEE, PURCHASER, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate —

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In an office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien

provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is, without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN. — If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent, which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL CHARGE OF PROPERTY.

RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if —

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 242

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

NO.

Baltimore

S-2162

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Leon Anderson

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Md 21638

NATURE OF TAX (a)	ACCOUNT NO. (b)	YEAR OR TAXABLE PERIOD (c)	ASSESSMENT DATE (d)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040 Addl	63 D 130749	1963	6-18-65	\$ 196.97
TOTAL				\$ 196.97

Clerk of Circuit Court
Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland

the 10 th day of February, 19

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

TITRE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 1 — To be retained by recording office

No. 243

UNITED STATES

vs.

Maryland Seafood
Cooperative Assoc.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 21st day of

February, 1966, at 9 a. m.
Recorded in Liber 2. S. P. No. 1, folio 8
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGE PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed with the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

C. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 243

Baltimore

0-2679

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Maryland Seafood Cooperative Assoc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Kent Narrows - Grasonville, Maryland 21638

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
940 - 12/31/64	4/9/65	52 0730965	310.26

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court
of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Maryland

TOTAL

\$ 310.26

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 17th day of February, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

[illegible]

Non-Dir

Asst. Chief, CHF

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 244

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 14th day of

Sept, 1970 M.,

and proper entry made in ~~State of~~ *Georgia*

F. Taylor Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 244

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.	SERIAL NUMBER S - 2203


I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on March 22, 1966, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER Reynolds & Cannon
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Queenstown, Md. 21658

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 - 65-09	3/9/66	52-0701837	2,376.81
941 - 65-12	3/9/66	52-0701837	739.51
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 3,114.32

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 11th day of September, 1970

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Special Procedures Advisor
---	--	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

HR

UNITED STATES

vs.

Reynolds + Gannon

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day of

March, 1966, at 10 a.m.

Recorded in Liber 2.1.P No. 1, folio 8
Federal Tax Lien Record for Quiba
Anne's Co.Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant, or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT Baltimore, Md. SERIAL NUMBER S - 2203

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Reynolds & Gannon

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Queenstown, Md. 21658

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
941 - 65-09	3/9/66	52-0701837	2,376.81
941 - 65-12	3/9/66	52-0701837	739.51

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court,
Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.

TOTAL \$ 3,114.32

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 16th day of March, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

Irving Machiz

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Collection Manager

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 245

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

*Filed - 11:55 A.M.
Rev 20236*

Filed this 9th day of

June, 19 67 M.,

and proper entry made in TSP

Book No. 1, page 9

Charles W. Carl

Clerk (or Registrar).

1.00 pp



Lien # 245

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER M 2340 A

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on March 30, 1966, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.


NAME OF TAXPAYER
Holson B . Lovelace

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS
508 Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore , Md. # 21225

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 12-31x 64	07-14-65	213-20-0492	914.85
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne's County Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 914.85

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 21st day of September, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz HR	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Chief, Special Procedures Section
--	---	---

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 245

UNITED STATES

vs.

Nelson B. Lovelace

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 30th day of

March, 1966, at 9 A. m.
Recorded in Liber 2.6. P. No. 1, folio 8, Federal Tax Lien for P. & Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.**--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) **Under State or Territorial Laws.**--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) **With Clerk of District Court.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) **With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.**--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) **EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.**--

(1) **Exception.**--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

(REV. NOV. 1961)

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT	SERIAL NUMBER
Baltimore	M 2318 A

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

NAME OF TAXPAYER	Nelson B . Loveless
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS	508 Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore , Md. # 21225

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
1040 12-31-64	07-14-65	213-28-0492	914.85
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.			TOTAL \$ 914.85

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 29th day of March, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE	BY (Signature) <i>Joseph B. Griffin</i> Joseph B. Griffin	TITLE Revenue Officer - 5-6
IRVING MACHIZ		

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 246

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 14th day of

September, 19 70 10 AM.,

and proper entry made in B.A.C. Fed.

Tax Lien Book No. TSP#1, page 9

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 246

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961) (Formerly Form 669)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN (To be used to Release Tax Liens under Section 6325(a), I.R.C. of 1954)	SERIAL NUMBER 8 - 2262
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.		

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on June 17, 1966, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER Reynolds & Cannon
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Queenstowe, Md.

TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
940 - 12/31/65	4/1/66	52-0701837	145.62

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21637	TOTAL \$ 145.62
---	------------------------

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,
the 11th day of September, 19 70

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) <i>Joseph B. Zailer</i>	TITLE Special Procedures Advisor
---	---	--

NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No.

246

UNITED STATES

vs.

Reynolds and Gannon

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 17th day of

June 1966, at 2 P. M.

Recorded in Liber I.S.P. No. 1 folio 8,
Federal Tax Lien Record for Prince
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 11-61)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.--Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate--

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.--In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.--In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.--In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.--If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.--

(1) Exception.--Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.--As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.--If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.--Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if--

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.--The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.--There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. NOV. 1961)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS		
DISTRICT <div style="text-align: center;">Baltimore, Md.</div>	SERIAL NUMBER <div style="text-align: center;">S - 2262</div>		
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:			
NAME OF TAXPAYER <div style="text-align: center;">Reynolds & Gannon</div>			
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <div style="text-align: center;">Queenstown, Md.</div>			
TYPE OF TAX AND PERIOD (a)	ASSESSMENT DATE (b)	REFERENCE NO. (c)	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT (d)
940 - 12/31/65	4/1/66	52-0701837	145.62
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21637			TOTAL \$ 145.62

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 14th day of June, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Act. Coll. Mgr.
---	--------------------	---------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1 - To be retained by recording office

No. 247

UNITED STATES

vs.

Kent Island Parking Co.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 30th day of

June, 1966, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 8
 Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
 Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
 Clerk for Registrar.

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEE PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against a mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate —

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the case of property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the district in which the property subject to the lien is situated whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if —

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien; and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle. — As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of the State or foreign country.

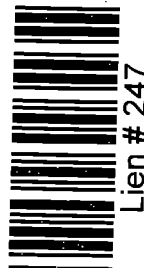
(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN. — Notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if —

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond, that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S-2267

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Kent Island Packing Co.,

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Chester, Md.

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	09/30/65	5/20/66	52-0802261	198.61
941	12/31/65	5/20/66	52-0802261	148.56
940	12/31/65	5/13/66	52-0802261	31.76
PLACE OF FILING: Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$ 378.93

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 27th day of June, 19 66

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY Signature

Jackson R. Lynn

TITLE

Acting Coll. Mgr.

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No.

248

UNITED STATES

VS.

Kent Island Packing Co.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 11th day of

August, 1966, at 12:15 P.

in letter TSP no. 1 fol. 8,

Charles A. Ceil

Clerk (or Registrar).

Island Tax Lien Record

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the case of property designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of a State or foreign country.

a) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Lien # 248

Form 668
(REV. 4-65)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 2292

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Kent Island Packing Co.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Chester, Maryland

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	03-31-66	07-29-66	52-0802261	119.80
941	06-30-64	06-24-66	52-0802261	233.92
941	06-30-65	06-24-66	52-0802261	153.91
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland 21617				TOTAL \$ 507.63

WITNESS my hand at **Salisbury, Maryland**, on this,

the **5th.** day of **August**, 19**66**

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

UNITED STATES

vs.

Kennard S. Tyson

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 9th day ofNovember, 1966, at 9 A. m.
in Liber J. S. P. No. 1, folio 8,*Charles W. Cecil*

Clerk (or-Registrar).

Federal Tax Lien Record

FORM 668 (REV. 1-66)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—As otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor if notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the case of property designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the case of property subject to the lien in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 249

Lawder med

Form 668
(REV. 1-66)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

For Optional Use By Recording Office

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

G 2008

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Kennard S. Hynson

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

R. R. 1 Box 14K Chestertown, Md. 21620

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	6312	7-22-66	DP 10968 66L	1280.60
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$1280.60

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,the 8th day of November, 19 66

SIGNATURE

TITLE

Revenue Officer

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 250

UNITED STATES

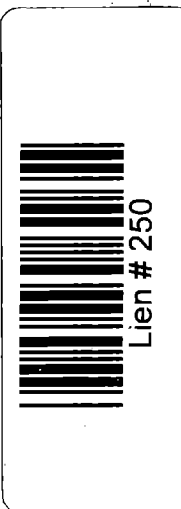
vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

21-10-1969

Filed this 7th day of
April, 1969 2:00 PM.,
and proper entry made in 28P
Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cech
Clerk (or Registrar)



APR 10 1969



RECEIVED

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)		U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN			or Optional Use By Recording Office	
DISTRICT Baltimore		SERIAL NUMBER C-2024				
<p>I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321, and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on December 16, 19 66, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.</p>						
NAME OF TAXPAYER Harrison M. Cooper						
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Route 1, Chestertown, Md. 21620						
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)		
1040	12-31-65	05-20-66	212-16-1876	350.00		
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.				TOTAL	\$350.00	
<p>WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,</p> <p>the 4th day of April, 19 69</p>						
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz		BY (Signature) <i>Joe B. Zeehn</i>		TITLE Special Procedures Advisor		
<p>(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)</p>						

UNITED STATES

vs.

Harrison W. Cooper

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 16th day of

December, 1966, at 9 A.M.
in Liber 2.1. P. 1, folio 8, a
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668
(REV. 4-65)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

G-2024

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Harrison W. Cooper

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Route 1, Chestertown, Md. 21620

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040A	12-31-65	05-20-66	212-16-1876	350.00
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 350.00

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 13th day of December, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Thomas C. Byrne

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 251

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN


Filed this 25th day of
September, 1967 9:00 AM.,
and proper entry made in CNC

Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 251

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.	SERIAL NUMBER 3 - 2384			
<p>I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>December 26</u>, 19<u>66</u>, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER Clarence F. & Doris V. Marvel				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Sudlersville, Md. 21668				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/65	5/27/66	214-30-8322	149.07
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$ 149.07
WITNESS my hand at <u>Baltimore, Md.</u> , on this, _____ the <u>22nd</u> day of <u>September</u> , 19 <u>67</u>				
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz		BY (Signature) 		TITLE Chief, Special Procedures Section

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

No. 251

UNITED STATES

vs.

Clarence F. Marvel
Boris V. Marvel, of

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 27th day ofDecember, 1966, at 9 A. M.Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1,John S. Federal Tax Lien RecordJ. & A. Co. Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;"> Baltimore, Md. </div>	SERIAL NUMBER <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;"> S - 2384 </div>			
<p>Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;"> Clarence F. & Doris V. Marvel </div>				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;"> Sudlersville, Md. 21668 </div>				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/65	5/27/66	214-30-8322	149.07
PLACE OF FILING <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617 </div>				TOTAL \$ 149.07

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 20th day of December, 1966

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;"> Irving Machiz </div>	BY (Signature) <div style="text-align: center;"> John H. Walsh </div>	TITLE Collection Manager
---	---	------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 252

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 15th day of

October, 1973 9 A.M.,

and proper entry made in Federal Lien

Record Book No. 28P#1, page 18

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 252

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN	For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <u>Baltimore, Maryland</u>	SERIAL NUMBER <u>2- 2387</u>	
I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>January 6</u> , 19 <u>67</u> , is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER <u>Frank W. & Joan B. Matloway</u>		
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <u>Greenoville, Maryland 21632</u>		

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
2040	12-31-66	05-21-66	218-01-7572	230.44
PLACE OF FILING <u>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Greenoville, Maryland</u>				TOTAL \$ <u>230.44</u>

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 12th day of October, 1973

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <u>William D. Waters</u>	BY (Signature) <u>Joseph B. Zeller</u>	TITLE <u>Special Procedures Advisor</u>
---	---	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 252

UNITED STATES

vs.

*Frank W. Haddaway +
Jean B. Haddaway*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 6th day of

January, 1967, at 9 a.m.
Recorded in Liber 20 P. 1, folio 8
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen Anne's
Co. Charles W. Reel
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 2387

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Frank W. & Jean B. Haddaway

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Maryland 21638

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-65	06-24-66	218-01-7572	230.44
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland</i>				TOTAL \$ 230.44

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,the *4th* day of *January*, 19 *67*

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 253

UNITED STATES

vs.

Clarence H. Booz

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this _____ day of

May, 19*67* M.,

and proper entry made in _____

TSP Book No. *1*, page *9*

Charles A. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 253

Form 648 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore, Maryland</i>	SERIAL NUMBER <i>2-2393</i>			
<p>I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>January 6</u>, 19<u>67</u>, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>Clarence R. Brasa</i>				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <i>Chester, Maryland 21619</i>				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
<i>2060</i>	<i>12-31-65</i>	<i>06-03-66</i>	<i>215-01-5443</i>	<i>443.22</i>
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court Of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland</i>				TOTAL \$ <i>443.22</i>

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 28th day of April, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <i>Irving Machiz</i> HR	BY (Signature) <i>[Signature]</i>	TITLE Special Procedures Advisor
--	--	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

No. 253

UNITED STATES

vs.

Clarence H. Boaze

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 6th day of

January, 1967, at *9 A.M.*
Recorded in Liber D.P.No. 1, folio 8.
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen Anne's
Co. *Charles W. Cecil*
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to, or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

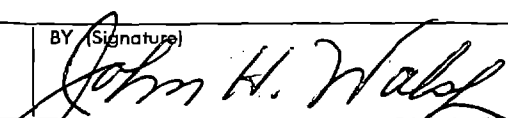
(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Maryland	SERIAL NUMBER S- 2393			
<p>Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER Clarence H. Booze				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Chester, Maryland 21619				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-65	06-03-66	215-01-5443	443.22
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court Of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 443.22

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 4th day of January, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Group Supervisor
---	--	--------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 254

UNITED STATES

vs.

*William F. & Vernice
Blach*

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this _____ day of

May, 1967 — M.,

and proper entry made in TSP

Book No. 1, page 9

Charles A. Clegg

Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 254

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

No. 254

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

UNITED STATES

vs.

William F. Black +
Bernice Black

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 6th day of

January, 1967, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber 2, P. 40, 1, folio
8, Federal Tax Lien Record for Green
Am. P. Co. Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate —

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if —

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle. — As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

— If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if —

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668
(REV. 4-65)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 2394

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

William F. & Vernice Black
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Chester, Maryland 21619

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
<i>1040</i>	<i>12-31-65</i>	<i>06-03-66</i> XXXXXXXXXX	<i>216-14-2458</i>	<i>553.46</i>
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland</i>				TOTAL \$ <i>553.46</i>

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,

the *4th* day of *January*, 19 *67*

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

UNITED STATES

vs.

Kennard S. Hipson

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 24th day of

January, 1967, at 9am.
Recorded in Liber 255 P. 1, folio 8
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—As otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor if notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or gate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the case of property designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the case of property subject to the lien in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

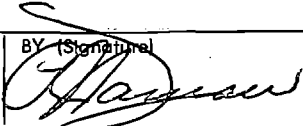
(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER G 2052			
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER Kennard S. Hynson				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS R R #1 Box 114K Chestertown, Maryland 21620				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/65	12/02/66	214 28 8088	533.22
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 533.22

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 20th day of January, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Revenue Officer
---	---	-------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 256

UNITED STATES

vs.

Norman Louis Wheeler

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 9th day of

March, 1967, at 9 A. M.
 Recorded in Liber C.W.C. No. 1, folio
 8 a Federal Tax Lien for Purcell
 Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—As otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor if notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the case of property designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the case of property subject to the lien in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(e) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

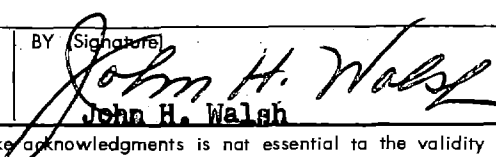


Lien # 256

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.	SERIAL NUMBER S - 2443			
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER Norman Louis Wheeler				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS P.O. Box 33B Church Hill, Md. 21623				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040 A	12/31/64	8/5/66	214-32-5883	120.10
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$ 120.10

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 7th day of March, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature)  John H. Walsh	TITLE Group Supervisor
---	--	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 257

UNITED STATES

vs.

Maryland Seafood
Cooperative Assoc.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 14th day of

March, 1967, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 32.P. No. 1, folio 8
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.
Charles W. Cress
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor if notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the case of property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the case of property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any Internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 257

SERIAL NUMBER

0-4181

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Maryland Seafood Cooperative Assoc

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Kent Narrows
Grasonville Md 21638

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 258

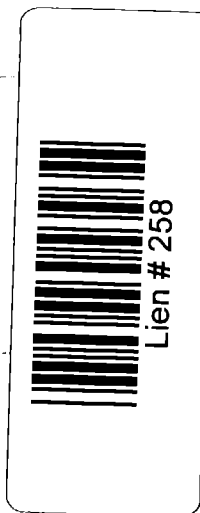
UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this Release 27 day of
June, 1967 9 P.M.,
and proper entry made in Fed. Tax
26P Book No. 1, page 8

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Form 688
(REV. 4-65)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

5 - 2476

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of Internal revenue tax lien was filed on **May 1**, 19 **67**, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Charles C. & Louise Weidner

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

**15 Nicholas Street
Stevensville, Md. 21666**

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/65	5/27/66	216-09-3195	\$278.37

PLACE OF FILING

**Clark of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Md.**

TOTAL

\$ **278.37**

WITNESS my hand at **Baltimore, Md.**, on this,

the **23rd** day of **June**, 19 **67**

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Geo. B. Zwick

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.]

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

No. 258

UNITED STATES

vs.

Charles C. & Louise
Weidner

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 1st day of

May, 1967, at 9 a.m.
Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1
folio 18, a Federal Tax Lien for
Queen Anne's Co.
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEE, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate —

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if —

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle. — As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN. — If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any Internal revenue tax if —

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668
(REV. 4-65)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT
Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER
S-2476

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Charles C. & Louise Weidner

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

**15 Nicholas Street
Stevensville, Md. 21666**

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/65	5/27/66	218-09-3195	\$278.37
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 278.37

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 26th day of April, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Chief Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 259

UNITED STATES

VS.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 11th day of
September, 1967 P.M.,
and proper entry made in _____

Book No. _____, page _____

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 259

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

9-2488

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on **May 19**, 19 **67**, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Wye River Enterprises, Inc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

**P. O. Box 75
Queenstown, Md. 21658**

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1120	12/31/64	12/16/66	52-0812120	210.26
1120	12/31/65	12/16/66	52-0812120	987.69

PLACE OF FILING

**Clark of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County,
Centreville, Md.**

TOTAL

\$ 1,197.95WITNESS my hand at **Baltimore, Md.**

, on this,

the **7th** day of **August**, 19 **67**

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

Joe B. Zeller

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

HR
(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

UNITED STATES

vs.

Wye River Enterprises Inc.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

85-15-2

Filed this 19th day of

May, 1967, at 9 a.m.

Recorded in Liber D.S.P. No. 1, folio 8
a Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's
Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar)

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle. — As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

— If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668
(REV. 4-65)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S-2488

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Wye River Enterprises, Inc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

**P. O. Box 75
Queenstown, Md. 21658**

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1120	12/31/64	12/16/66	52-0812120	\$210.26
1120	12/31/65	12/16/66	52-0812120	\$987.69
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 1,197.95

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 16 day of May, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 260

UNITED STATES

vs.

Marie Von Lusch
t/a Old Schoolhouse
Antiques

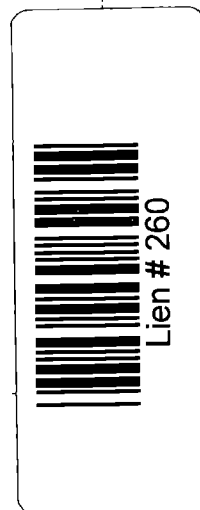
RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 5th day of April, 1968 11:55 A.M.,

and proper entry made in _____

TS P Book No. 1, page 8 + 9

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Form 668
(REV. 4-65)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

For Optional Use By Recording Office

CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

S-2490

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on May 30, 19 67, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Marie Von Lusch, T/A Old Schoolhouse Antiques

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

P. O. Box 66, Stevensville, Maryland-21666

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	03/31/66	03/31/67	52-0815854	71.21

PLACE OF FILING

**Clerk of the Circuit Court
of Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland-21617**

TOTAL \$ 71.21

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 22nd day of March, 19 68

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

TITLE

Irving Machiz

Special Procedures Advisor

HR
(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Marie Von Lusch
 1/2 Old Schoolhouse Antiques

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

SW-30

Filed this 30th day of

May, 1967, at 9 A. M.
 Recorded in Liber J. S. P. No. 1, folio 8
 a Federal Tax Lien for D. C.

Charles W. Ceel

Clerk (or Registrar).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by a law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any Internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 2490

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

*Marie Von Lusch**T/A Old Schoolhouse Antiques*

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

*P.O. Box 66**Stevensville, Maryland 21666*

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	03/31/66	03/31/67	52-0815854	71.21
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court Queen Annes County, Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>				TOTAL \$ 71.21

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,
the *25th* day of *May*, 19 *67*

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh
John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 261

UNITED STATES

VS.

*Charles C. & Louise
Weidner*

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 38711

Filed this 30th day of
March, 1971 ³⁴⁰ P.M.,

and proper entry made in Fed Lien

Book No. TSP#1, page 11

Charles Weidner
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 261

CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md. (32)

SERIAL NUMBER

S-2499

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321, and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on June 9, 19 67, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Charles C. & Louise Waldner

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

15 Nicholas St.
Stevensville, Md. 21606

CLASS OF TAX [Tax Return Form No.] (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
2060	12-31-66	05/19/67	212-00-3195	713.20
PLACE OF FILING				
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne's County Centreville, Maryland				
TOTAL				\$ 713.20

WITNESS my hand at

Baltimore, Md.

, on this,

the 29th day of March, 1971

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

Joseph D. Zeiler

TITLE

Irving Machiz

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 950-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

UNITED STATES

vs.

Charles C. & Louise Weidner

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 9th day ofJune, 1967, at 9 A.M.*Recorded in Liber J.B.P. No. 1, folio 10,
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil*

Clerk (or Register).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing, negotiable instrument, or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore, Md. (52)</i>	SERIAL NUMBER S-2499			
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>Charles C. & Louise Weidner</i>				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <i>15 Nicholas St. Stevensville, Md. 21666</i>				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-66	05/19/67	218-09-3195	718.20
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland</i>				TOTAL \$ 718.20

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,
 the 6th day of June, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <i>Irving Machiz</i>	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Group Supervisor
---	--------------------	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 262

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 21st day of

May, 1968 9 A. M.,

and proper entry made in I. S. R.

Book No. 1, page 10

Charles W. Cecil

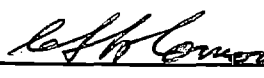
Clerk (or Registrar).



Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.	SERIAL NUMBER S-2500			
<p>I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>June 9</u>, 19 <u>67</u>, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER William C. Jr. & Charlotte P. Meyers				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Box 126, Centreville, Md. 21617				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	63-12	2/24/67	52/66704320342	1,561.41
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$ 1,561.41

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 17th day of May, 19 68

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) 	TITLE Chief, Special Procedures Section
---	---	---

HR
[NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.]

No. 262

UNITED STATES

vs.

*William C. Jr. +
Charlotte P. Meyers*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 9th day of

June, 1967, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber J.B.P. No. 1, folio 10
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's
Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(e) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if —

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle. — As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN. — If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if —

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

S-2500

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

William C. Jr. & Charlotte P. Meyers

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Box 126, Centreville, Md. 21617

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	63-12	2/24/67	52/64704320342	1,561.41
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$ 1,561.41

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,the 5th day of June, 1967

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 263

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 8th day of
August, 1967 9:15 A.M.,
and proper entry made in CWC

Book No. 1, page 10

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

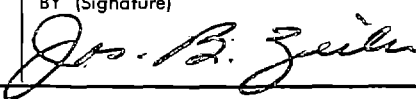


Lien # 263

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN				For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.		SERIAL NUMBER 68-S-2			
<p>I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>July 20</u>, 19 <u>67</u>, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.</p>					
NAME OF TAXPAYER Carl Edward Pinketts Pinketts Const. Co.					
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS P.O. Box 56 Chester, Md. 21619					
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)	
941	12/31/66	5/5/67	52-0822949	\$316.22	
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.				TOTAL	\$ 316.22

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 7th day of August, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE	BY (Signature)	TITLE
Irving Machiz		Special Procedures Advisor

HR (NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

UNITED STATES

VS.

Carl Edward Pinketts
Pinketts Coast Co.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 20th day of

July, 1967, at P. M.

Recorded in Liber CWC No. 1, folio
10, a Federal Tax Lien for P. A. Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

—If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

68-S-2

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Carl Edward Pinketts
Pinketts Const. Co.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

P.O. Box 56
Chester, Md. 21619

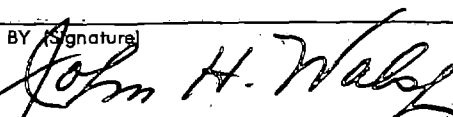
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	12/31/66	5/5/67	52-0822949	\$316.22
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 316.22

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,the 28th day of June, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

UNITED STATES

vs.

Kentmore Development Co. Inc.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 5th day ofSeptember, 1962, at 9 p.m.*Recorded in Liber C.W.C. No. 1, folio 10,
a Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Anne's Co.**Charles W. Cecil*
Clerk (or Registrar).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against a mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if —

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle. — As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of the State or foreign country.

DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

Notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

25. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if —

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Lien # 264

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

68-S-30

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Kentmorr Development Co., Inc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Stevensville, Md. 21666

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1120	12/31/65	05-06-66	52-0579254	\$169.61
1120	12/31/66	08-18-67	52-0579254	\$4,235.83
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 4,405.44

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,the 1st day of September, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

Irving Machiz

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 265

UNITED STATES

vs.

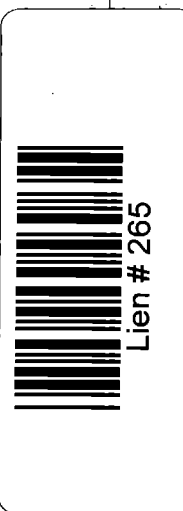
RELEASE OF TAX LIEN


Re 22831

Filed this 4th day of
January, 1968 9 A.M.,
and proper entry made in 2 A.P.

Book No. 1, page 10

Charles W. Ceel
Clerk (or Registrar).



Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.	SERIAL NUMBER			
I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>October 16</u> , 19 <u>67</u> , is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER Robert T. & Irene J. Yates				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Centreville, Md. 21617				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/65	9/29/67	212-03-1954	43.66
1040	12/31/66	6/2/67	212-03-1954	1,309.24
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$1,352.90
WITNESS my hand at <u>Baltimore, Maryland</u> , on this,				
the <u>11th</u> day of <u>December</u> , 19 <u>67</u>				
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz		BY (Signature) 		TITLE Acting Chief, Special Procedures Section

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

UNITED STATES

vs.

Robert T. Yates and
Irene D. Yates

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 16th day of

October, 1967, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 28 P. 1, folio 10.
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Anne's Co.
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any Internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

SERIAL NUMBER

Baltimore, Md.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which offer demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Robert T. & Irene J. Yates

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Centreville, Md. 21617

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/65	9/29/67	212-03-1954	43.66
1040	12/31/66	6/2/67	212-03-1954	1,309.24
PLACE OF FILING				
Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$1,352.90

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,the 12th day of October, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

TITLE

Irving MachizJohn H. Walsh

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 266

UNITED STATES

vs.

*G. Loutrell and
Helen Limanus*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 9th day of

November, 1967, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 2. S. P. No. 1, folio
a Federal Tax Lien for Pioneer Amick's Co.
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668-F (REV. 5-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASES, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MORTGAGEE LIENORS, AND JUDGEMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereon meets the requirements of subsection (1) has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS, EVEN THOUGH FILED.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(c) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE; FORM.—

(i) PLACE FOR FILING.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—

(A) UNDER STATE LAWS.—

(i) REAL PROPERTY.—In the case of real property situated within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) PERSONAL PROPERTY.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) WITH CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) WITH RECORDER OF DEEDS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) SITUS OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO LIEN.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) REAL PROPERTY.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) PERSONAL PROPERTY.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) FORM.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILEING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (1)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (1) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILEING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Lien # 266

2-15/mrb

Form 668-F
(REV. 5-67)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

For Optional Use By Recording Office

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NO.

S-467

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

G. Loutrell and Helen Timanus

RESIDENCE

Queenstown, Maryland

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
Income	1951 Addl	10/15/59	D 115410 (59)	92,783.17
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 92,783.17

WITNESS my hand at **Salisbury, Maryland**, on this,the **4th** day of **December**, 19 **59**

SIGNATURE

John F. Cooper

TITLE

Senior Revenue Officer**NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN REFILING**IRS SERIAL NUMBER **68-B-2-78-F**

RECORDER'S IDENTIFICATION NO. _____

NOTICE FILED WITH **Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County,
Centreville, Maryland** DATE **11/7/67**TAXPAYER'S ADDRESS **67 Oak Avenue, Rehobeth, Delaware**
(if different than shown above)

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

UNITED STATES

vs.

David J. & Marilyn Westergaard

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 14th day of

November, 1967, at 9A. m.

Recorded in Liber 28.P No. 1, folio 10,
Federal Tax Lien Record for President's
Co. Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEE, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the case of property designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the case of property subject to the lien in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the case of property situated in the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle. — As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of a State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN. — If notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulation the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

§ 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



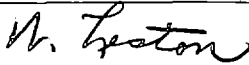
Lien # 267

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Maryland	SERIAL NUMBER 68-A-120			
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER David J & Marilyn Westergard				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Kent Fort Manor Stevensville, Maryland 21666				

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12 31 66	06 02 67	158 18 1753	5,235.01
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 5,235.01

WITNESS my hand at Annapolis, Maryland, on this,

the 8th day of November, 19 67

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) <div style="text-align: center;">  W. Liston </div>	TITLE Group Supervisor
---	---	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 267

 UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 26th day of

July, 1968 9 A.M.,

and proper entry made in _____

Book No. _____, page _____

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

68-4-120

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on November 14, 19 67, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

David J & Marilyn Westergard

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Kent Fort Manor
Stevensville, Maryland 21666

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12 31 66	06 02 67	158 18 1753	\$,235.01
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 5,235.01

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 25th day of July, 19 68

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Chief,
Special Procedures Section

VS.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 16th day of

August 1968, at 9 P. m.
Recorded in Liber P. S. No. 1, folio 10.
a Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen Anne's
Co
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

(2) **Bond Accepted.**—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md. (52)	SERIAL NUMBER S- 69-S-12			
<p>Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <p style="text-align: center;">Bette Jayne Blackistone</p>				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <p style="text-align: center;">Coles Mobile Court Carmichael Rd., Queenstown, Md. 21658</p>				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/65	07/28/67	217-38-1355	151.78
PLACE OF FILING <p style="text-align: center;">Clerk of the circuit court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.</p>				TOTAL \$ 151.78

WITNESS my hand at Easton, Maryland, on this,

the 13th day of August, 1968

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <p style="text-align: center;">Irving Machiz</p>	BY (Signature) <p style="text-align: center;"><i>John H. Walsh</i></p>	TITLE <p style="text-align: center;">Group Supervisor</p>
--	---	---

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 269

UNITED STATES

vs.

Sol Lurasky

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

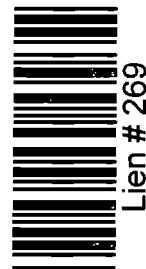
Filed this 14th day of

Nov, 1973 9:00AM.,

and proper entry made in Fed Tax Lien Record

TSP Book No. 1, page 10

Charles H. Cress
Clerk (or Registrar).



CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

Horganstern/eb

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

69-2-25

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on September 23, 1968, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Sol Surasky
Kentmore Coat Co., Inc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

3307 Pinkney Rd., Baltimore, Md. 21215

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	03/67	6/7/68	5265434619601-8	9204.11

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Co.
of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Md.

TOTAL

\$

9204.11

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md.

, on this,

the 12th day of November, 1973

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

William D. Waters

BY (Signature)

Joseph B. Zales

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1968-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

UNITED STATES

vs.

Sal Surasky

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 23rd day of*September*, 1968, at 9 A. m.
Recorded in Liber 2, P. No 1, folio 10
a Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's
County *Charles W. Cecil*
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEs, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(e) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (e) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (e), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(e) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and securities thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

69-B-2-25

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Sol Surasky
Kentmore Coat Co., Inc.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

3307 Pinkney Rd., Baltimore, Md. 21215

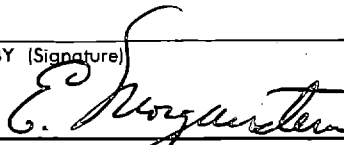
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	03/67	6/7/68	5265414619601-8	9204.11
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Co. of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 9204.11

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,the 18th day of September, 19 68

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Revenue Officer

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 270

UNITED STATES

vs.

*George O.
Wally H.
Dashiell*

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day of

November, 1972 M.,

and proper entry made in Federal
Tax
Records

TSP. Book No. 1, page 11

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 270

RECEIVED 10/10/72

RECEIVED 10/10/72

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)		U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN		For Optional Use By Recording Office	
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.		SERIAL NUMBER 69-5-49			
I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321, and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on October 31 , 19 68 , is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.					
NAME OF TAXPAYER George O & Wally R. Dashiell Jr.					
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS 103 Kidwell Avenue Centreville, Md. 21617					
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)	
1040	12/31/66	7/5/68	217-10-8643	585.16	
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Annes County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL	\$ 585.16
WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md. , on this,					
the 24th day of July , 19 72					
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE William D. Waters Acting		BY (Signature) <i>Jeff Hower</i>		TITLE (Chief, Special Procedures Staff	

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1960-1, 125.)

No. 270

UNITED STATES

vs.

George O. and Wally H. Daskield

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 31st day of

October, 1968, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber T.S.P. No. 1, folio 10, a
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's
County Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEE, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

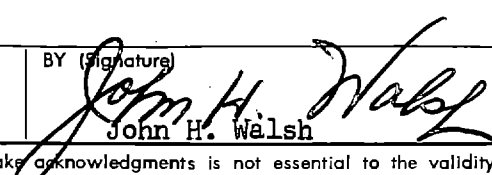
(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS				For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <u>Baltimore, Md.</u>		SERIAL NUMBER <u>69-S-49</u>			
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.					
NAME OF TAXPAYER <u>George O & Wally H. Dashiell Jr.</u>					
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <u>103 Kidwell Avenue</u> <u>Centreville, Md. 21617</u>					
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)	
1040	12/31/66	7/5/68	217-10-8643	585.16	
PLACE OF FILING <u>Clerk of the Circuit Court,</u> <u>Queen Annes County, Centreville, Md. 21617</u>				TOTAL	\$ <u>585.16</u>

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md. _____, on this,

the 29th day of October, 19 68

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <u>Irving Machiz</u>	BY (Signature)  <u>John H. Walsh</u>	TITLE <u>Collection Manager</u>
---	--	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 271

UNITED STATES

vs.

Robert M. Fox

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 12th day ofNovember, 1968, at 9 A.M.Recorded in Liber J. S. P. No. 1, folio 10,
Federal Tax Lien for Charles W. Cecil's C.Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIENITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor until the requirements of subsection (b) are met.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—Even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE.—Form.—

(A) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, whether tangible or intangible, in the office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in the office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING

—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to disclose by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.




Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS	For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Richmond		SERIAL NO.
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER Robert M. Fox		
RESIDENCE Marydel, Maryland. 21649		

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941 100%Pen	03-31-65 thru 12-31-65	6/7/68	54/65414619600-8	4 957.79

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland-21617	TOTAL \$ 4 957/79
--	-------------------

WITNESS my hand at Bailey Crossroads, Virginia, on this,

the 5th day of Nov., 19 68

SIGNATURE  Sam R. Edmondson	TITLE Revenue Officer
--	---------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 272

UNITED STATES

VS.

*Maryland Seafood
Cooperative Assoc.*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 18th day of

November, 1968, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 28 P. 1, folio
10, a Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's
Co.
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor if notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the case of property designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the case of property subject to the lien in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the case of property situated in the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of a State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

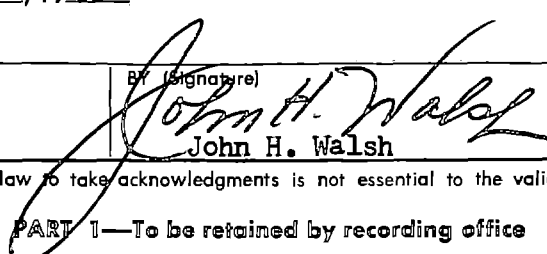
(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <u>Baltimore, Md.</u>	SERIAL NUMBER <u>69-S-59</u>			
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <u>Maryland Seafood Cooperative Assoc.</u>				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <u>Kent Narrows, Grasonville, Md. 21638</u>				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
940	12/31/63	7/1/66	52-0730965	880.90
941	3/31/65	6/4/65	52-0730965	457.20
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$1,338.10

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, on this,

the 13th day of November, 1968

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <u>Irving Machiz</u>	BY (Signature)  <u>John H. Walsh</u>	TITLE <u>Group Supervisor</u>
---	--	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART I—To be retained by recording office

No. 273

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

2 received

Filed this 21st day of

April, 1969 9 A.M.,

and proper entry made in _____

28P Book No. 1, page 10

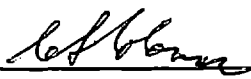
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 273

273 received

273 received

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)		U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN			For Optional Use By Recording Office	
DISTRICT Baltimore		SERIAL NUMBER 69-B-1-105				
<p>I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>December 5</u>, 19<u>68</u>, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.</p>						
NAME OF TAXPAYER Florence B. Leach						
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Royston Farm, R. D. 1 Chesartown, Maryland 21620						
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)		
943	6712	9/20/68	5261321100000-8	265.28		
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL	\$ 265.28	
<p>WITNESS my hand at <u>Baltimore, Md.</u>, on this,</p> <p>the <u>18th</u> day of <u>April</u>, 19<u>69</u></p>						
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Francis G. Duehay Acting			BY (Signature) 		TITLE Chief, Special Procedures Section.	

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1150-1, 125.)

No. 273

UNITED STATES

vs.

Lourence B. Leach
Rayston Farms R.D. 1
Chestertown, Md

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 5th day of

December, 1968, at 9 A. M.
Recorded in Liber 8, S.P. No. 1, folio
10, a Federal Tax Lien Record Book for
Queen Anne's Co Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

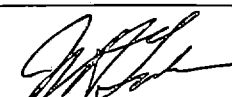
(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS				For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER 69-B-1-105				
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.					
NAME OF TAXPAYER Florence B. Leach					
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Royston Farm, R. D. 1 Chestertown, Maryland 21620					
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)	
943	6712	9/20/68	5264324400000-8	265.28	
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL	\$ 265.28

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 2 day of December, 1968.

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) W. H. Guba 	TITLE Group Supervisor
---	--	--------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 274

UNITED STATES

V S

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 30th day of

March, 19 79 10:04 A.M.,

and proper entry made in Federal Tax Lien

Book
TSP Book No. 1, page 11

Marquette W. Markin
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV 2-77)



Lien # 274

#3 pd.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY — INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 69-S-79

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on December 13, 1968, is hereby authorized to make notation on the books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Donald Gordon & Joan Anthony

RESIDENCE

Grasonville, Maryland 21638

274

KIND OF TAX (a)	TAX PERIOD ENDED (b)	DATE OF ASSESSMENT (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-66	07-07-67	214-32-2233	197.51
1040	12-31-67	05-17-68	214-32-2233	46.98

RECEIVED
CLERK, CIRCUIT COURT
1979 MAR 30 AM 10:04
QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Maryland

TOTAL \$ 244.49

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland on this,the 26th day of March, 19 79

SIGNATURE

TITLE

Chief, Special Procedures Staff

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 274

UNITED STATES

vs.

*Donald Gordon and
Joan Anthony*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 13th day of

December, 1968, at 9 A.M.
*Recorded in Liber 1212 folio 10, a Federal Tax
Deeds Record Book for Queen Anne's County*
Charles W. Bird
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 69-S-79

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Donald Gordon & Joan Anthony

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Maryland 21638

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-66	07-07-67	214-32-2233	197.51
1040	12-31-67	05-17-68	214-32-2233	46.98
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland</i>				TOTAL \$ 244.49

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,the *12th* day of *December*, 19 *68*

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No.

275

UNITED STATES

vs.

Christian Gervest III

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 13th day of

December, 1968, at 9 m.

Recorded in Liber TSP# 44110.2 Federal
Tax Lien Record Book for Queen Anne's
County Charles W. Peil

Clerk for Registrar.

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — If as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor, notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws. — In the case of property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court. — In the case of property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia. — In the case of property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia, if the property is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE. — If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security. — As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES. —

(1) Exception. — Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle. — As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN. — If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN. — Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. — The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 275

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 69-S-81

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Christian Gernert III

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Maryland ~~21638~~ 21638

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-64	04/12/68	215-26-5919	312.51
1040	12-31-67	06/28/68	215-26-5919	173.69
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland</i>				TOTAL \$ 486.20

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,the *12th* day of *December*, 19 *68*

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Waks

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No.

276

UNITED STATES

vs.

James Olin Green

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 13th day of

December, 1968, at 9 A.M.
 Recorded in Liber TBP#1 - fol 10, a Federal
 Tax Lien Record Book for Queen Anne's
 County
 Charles W. Reed
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.—as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor if notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the case of property designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the case of property in the clerk of the United States district court for the district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 276

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

S- 69-S-76

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

James Olin Green

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Wye Mills, Md.

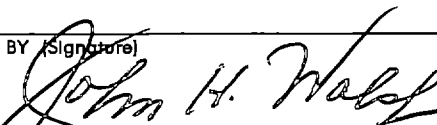
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040A	12/31/65	10/27/67	217-30-7916	48.34
1040A	12/31/66	09/06/68	217-30-7916	115.95
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of TRINITY Queen Anne County, Md. Centreville, Maryland.				TOTAL \$ 164.29

WITNESS my hand at **Salisbury, Maryland**, on this,the **12th** day of **December**, 19 **68**

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 277

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this Release 30th day of
June, 1969 P.M.,
and proper entry made in Credit Lien
Book Book No. 1, page 10

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



277-1-1-1-1

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NUMBER

5- 69-S-78

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on December 13, 19 68, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

**Carl Edward Pinketts
Pinkett Const. Co.**

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Chester, Maryland 21619

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
940	12-31-66	02/12/68	52-0822949	53.40
942	02/30/66	09/01/67	52-0822949	196.41
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 249.81

WITNESS my hand at

Baltimore, Md.

, on this,

the 27th day of June, 19 69

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

**Chief,
Special Procedures Section**

NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

PART 3—To be used for recording purposes

UNITED STATES

vs.

Carl Edward Picketts

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 13TH day of

December 1968, at 9 A. M.
 Recorded in File TSD # 1-10, a Federal
 Tax Lien Record Book for Queen Anne's
 County Charles W. Cecil
 Clerk (or Registrar).

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.

—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

DISTRICT	SERIAL NUMBER
Baltimore, Maryland	S- 69-S-78
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.	
NAME OF TAXPAYER Carl Edward Pinketts Pinkett Const. Co.	
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS Chester, Maryland 21619	

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
940	12-31-66	01/12/68	52-0822949	53.40
941	09/30/66	09/01/67	52-0822949	196.41
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 249.81

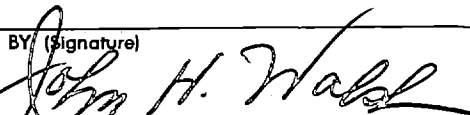
WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 12th day of December, 19 68

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)



TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 278

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 10th day of

March, 1971 9 A.M.,

and proper entry made in Fed Tax Sum

Book Book No. TSP#1, page 10

Charles H. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 278

Form 668
(REV. 4-65)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NUMBER

69-8-1-120

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on January 17, 19 69, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Johannie Harris, Jr.

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

 Rt. 1, Box 107,
 Chestertown, Maryland 21620

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040A	12-31-66	12-04-68	221-26-2396	536.44
1040A	12-31-67	05-10-68	221-26-2396	323.25

PLACE OF FILING

 Clerk of the Circuit Court
 of Queen Anne County
 Centreville, Maryland

TOTAL

\$ 859.69

WITNESS my hand at

Baltimore, Md.

, on this,

the 26th day of February, 19 71.

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

William D. Waters Acting

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 460-1, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Johnnie Harris, Jr.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 17th day of*January*, 1969, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber B.B. 401, folio 10, a
*Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.**Charles W. Cress*

Clerk (or Registrar).

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEE, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—


(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and securities thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT	Baltimore	SERIAL NUMBER	69-B-1-120	
<p>Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER				
Johnnie Harris, Jr.				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS				
Rt. 1, Box 107, Chestertown, Maryland 21620				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040A	12-31-66	10-04-68	221-26-2396	536.44
1040A	12-31-67	05-10-68	221-26-2396	323.25
PLACE OF FILING				
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 859.69

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 15 day of January, 1969.

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Irving Machiz	BY (Signature) W. H. Guba 	TITLE Group Supervisor
--	---	-------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 279

UNITED STATES

vs.

*George O. &
Kathy H.
Dashiell, Jr.*

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 22nd day of

November, 1972 M.,

and proper entry made in Federal
Tax Lien

TSP Book No. 1, page 11

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 279

Form 668 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.	SERIAL NUMBER 69-8-110			
I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on February 6 , 19 69 , is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER George O. & Wally H. Dashiell Jr.				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS 103 Kidwell Avenue Centreville, Md. 21617				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040 Addl 1040 Addl 1040	12/31/60 12/31/61 12/31/66	5/6/66 5/6/66 7/5/68	D 121558 66L D 121559 66L 217-10-8643	1224.23 240.80 585.16
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court, Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617				TOTAL \$ 2050.19
WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md. , on this,				
the 24th day of July , 19 72				
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE William D. Waters Acting		BY (Signature) 		TITLE Chief, Special Procedures Staff

NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of this document. G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 6th day of

February, 1968, at 9 A.M.
 Recorded in Liber J.S.P. to 1 folio 10,
 a Federal Tax Lien Record Book for
Queen Anne's Co. Charles W. Cecil
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this subsection, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(e) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

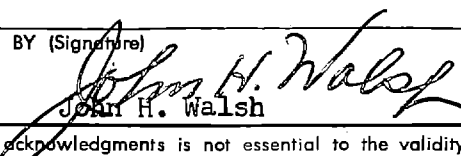
(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

Form 568 (REV. 4-65)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <u>Baltimore, Md.</u>	SERIAL NUMBER <u>69-S-110</u>			
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <u>George O. & Wally H. Dashiell Jr.</u>				
RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS <u>103 Kidwell Avenue</u> <u>Centreville, Md. 21617</u>				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040 Addl 1040 Addl 1040	12/31/60 12/31/61 12/31/66	5/6/66 5/6/66 7/5/68	D 121558 66L D 121559 66L 217-10-8643	1224.23 240.80 585.16
PLACE OF FILING <u>Clerk of the Circuit Court,</u> <u>Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md. 21617</u>				TOTAL \$ 2050.19

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Md., on this,

the 4th day of February, 19 69

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE <u>Irving Machiz</u>	BY (Signature)  <u>John H. Walsh</u>	TITLE <u>Group Supervisor</u>
---	--	--------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 280

UNITED STATES

VS.

Henry Scarborough

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 13th day of

February, 1969, at 9 A m.

Recorded in Liber T.D.P. No. 1, folio 10, of the Federal Tax Lien Record for Washington Co.

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 4-65)

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) **INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.**—If as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagees, pledgees, purchasers, or judgment creditors notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the case of property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the case of property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia, if the property is situated in the District of Columbia.

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the case of property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) **FORM OF NOTICE.**—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) **Exception.**—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) **Definition of Security.**—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) **Exception.**—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) **Definition of motor vehicle.**—As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) **DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.**—If a notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(e) **RELEASE OF LIEN.**—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 280

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md. (52)

SERIAL NUMBER

69-S- 114

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Henry Scarborough

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

**Kent Narrows
Grasonville, Md.**

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040 A	12-31-66	05/17/68	228-24-1964	326.41
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 326.41

WITNESS my hand at **Salisbury, Md.**, on this,the **11th** day of **February**, 19 **69**

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY (Signature)

TITLE

IRVING MAC HIZ**John H. Walz****Group Supervisor**

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

UNITED STATES

VS.

Mickey Gernert

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 13th day of

February, 1969, at 9 a.m.

Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 19, a
Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen Anne's
Co. Charles W. Breit
Clerk (or Registrar).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(a) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE. — E as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), the imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor, if notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Laws.—In the designated by the law of the State or Territory in which property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated an office within that State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by law designated an office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE.—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a) (1) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a) (2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any law of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a security, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser of such security, for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if at the time of such mortgage, pledge, or purchase such mortgagee, pledgee, or purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, share of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interim certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—

(1) Exception.—Even though notice of a lien provided in section 6321 has been filed in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lien shall not be valid with respect to a motor vehicle, as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection, as against any purchaser of such motor vehicle for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth if—

(A) at the time of the purchase the purchaser is without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lien, and

(B) before the purchaser obtains such notice or knowledge, he has acquired possession of such motor vehicle and has not thereafter relinquished possession of such motor vehicle to the seller or his agent.

(2) Definition of motor vehicle.—As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle which is registered for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country.

(e) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—A notice of lien has been filed under subsection (a), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.



Lien # 281

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Md.

SERIAL NUMBER

69-S-112

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Mickey Gernert

RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Grasonville, Md. 21638

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-67	06-28-68	218-34-8202	330.40
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland</i>				TOTAL \$ 330.40

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,
the *11th* day of *February*, 19 *69*

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Irving Machiz

BY (Signature)

John H. Wall

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 282

UNITED STATES

vs.

Say Lumber Inc

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 28th day of

May, 1969, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 218 P. 40-1, folio 10,
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.
Charles W. Eber
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIENITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until the lien is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—If notice of lien is filed under section 6321, such lien shall not be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, whether tangible or intangible, in the county, governmental subdivision, or other mental subdivision, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in the county, governmental subdivision, or other mental subdivision, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien, refiled during the required refiling period, shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" is—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING

—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (1), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to disclose by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 282

Form 668
(REV. 8-67)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NO.

69-B-1-210

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Bay Lumber Inc.,

RESIDENCE

Millington, Maryland 21651

CLASS OF TAX
(Tax Return Form No.)
(a)

PERIOD ENDED
(b)

ASSESSMENT DATE
(c)

IDENTIFYING NUMBER
(d)

UNPAID BALANCE
OF ASSESSMENT
(e)

941

12-31-68

03-21-69

52 0859963

6,129.34

940

12-31-68

03-14-69

52 0859963

118.97

PLACE OF FILING

**Clerk of the Court
Queen Anne County,
Centreville, Maryland.**

TOTAL

\$ 6,248.31

WITNESS my hand at **Baltimore, Maryland**, on this,

the **26th** day of **May** 19 **69**

SIGNATURE

W. H. Guba

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Robert T. Yates
D/B/A Town House

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 15th day of

July, 1969, at 9:00 AM.

recorded in Sub TSP #1 fol 10, Fed
Tax Lien Record for 24 Co

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until the requirements of subsection (b) have been met.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—Even though notice imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(i) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, the notice shall be filed in the office within the State (or the county or governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, the notice shall be filed in the office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated an office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as tiled on the date on which it is tiled (in accordance with subsection (1)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien, refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (1) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING TAX.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to issue by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 283

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE	For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore, Maryland</i>		SERIAL NO. <i>70-S-2</i>
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>Robert T. Yates D/B/A Towne House</i>		
RESIDENCE <i>Commerce Street Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>		

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	06/30/68	12/27/68	52-0817898	162.46
941	12/30/68	04/04/69	52-0817898	233.52

PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>	TOTAL	\$ 395.98
---	-------	-----------

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,

the *11th* day of *July*, 19 *69*.

SIGNATURE <i>John H. Walsh</i>	TITLE <i>Group Supervisor</i>
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Robert J. Yates
Town House

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 29th day ofAug 1969, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber T.D.P. No. 1, folio 80
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne Co.

Charles W. Ceesh

Clerk (or Registrar).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN-OWNERS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) of section 6321.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—NOTWITHSTANDING NOTICE FILED.—Even though notice imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, one office within the State (or the county or governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as if filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a re-filing of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of a notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING TAX.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 284

Form 668
(REV. 8-67)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NO.

70-S-25

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

*Robert T. Yates
Towne House*

RESIDENCE

*North Commerce Street
Centreville, Maryland 21617*

CLASS OF TAX
(Tax Return Form No.)
(a)

PERIOD ENDED
(b)

ASSESSMENT DATE
(c)

IDENTIFYING NUMBER
(d)

UNPAID BALANCE
OF ASSESSMENT
(e)

941

03/31/69

06/20/69

52-0817898

334.18

PLACE OF FILING

*Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland 21617*

TOTAL

\$ 334.18

WITNESS my hand at

Salisbury, Maryland

, on this,

the *26th* day of *August*, 19 *69*.

SIGNATURE

John H. Walsh
John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

*James W. Collins
Queentown Shell Service
Station*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 29 day of

Aug., 1969, at 9 A.M.
*Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's
Co recorded in U.S.P. No. 1, folio 80*
Charles W. Cress
Clerk (or Registrar)

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) which has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—Even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE; FORM.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, the notice shall be filed in the office within the State (or the county or governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, the notice shall be filed in the office within the State (or the county, or governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refilled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed, in accordance with subsection (f) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refilled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refilled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(4) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 285

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS	For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore, Maryland</i>		
SERIAL NO. <i>70-S-26</i>		
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>James W. Collins Queenstown Shell Service Station</i>		
RESIDENCE <i>Route 50 Queenstown, Maryland 21658</i>		

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	09/30/68	04/04/69	52-0882619	127.29

PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>	TOTAL	\$ 127.29
---	-------	-----------

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,

the *26th* day of *August*, 19 *69*.

SIGNATURE <i>John H. Walsh</i>	TITLE <i>Group Supervisor</i>
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

James W. + Elsie Collins

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 29 day of

Aug 1969, at 9 a.m.

Recorded in Liber 34 P. 40-1, folio 80
 Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.
 Charles W. Cecil
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) if such notice of lien is filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTENTIONS.—Even though no notice of lien is filed in accordance with subsection (f), the lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE.—(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, whether tangible or intangible, the lien shall be filed in the office within the State (or the county or governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, the lien shall be filed in the office within the State (or the county or governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(i) (3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 286

DISTRICT

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NO.

70-S-27

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

James W. & Elsie Collins

RESIDENCE

Queenstown, Maryland 21658

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
<i>1040</i>	<i>12/31/67</i>	<i>03/21/69</i>	<i>219-03-1593</i>	<i>715.15</i>

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County

Centreville, Maryland 21617

TOTAL

\$ *715.15*

WITNESS my hand at

Salisbury, Maryland

, on this,

the *26th* day of *August*, 19 *69*.

SIGNATURE

John W. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 287

UNITED STATES

VS.

David Wharton

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 10th day of

July, 19 70 10⁰⁵ AM.,

and proper entry made in 7A Tax Rec.

Record Book No. TSP#1, page 10

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 287

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore, Maryland</i>		SERIAL NO. <i>70-9-28</i>		
I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(o), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>August 29,</u> 19 <u>69</u> , is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>David B. Gordon</i>				
RESIDENCE <i>P.O. Box 237 Centerville, Maryland 21617</i>				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
<i>941</i> <i>941</i>	<i>06/30/68</i> <i>09/30/68</i>	<i>11/03/68</i> <i>12/20/68</i>	<i>52-9745162</i> <i>52-9745162</i>	<i>176.96</i> <i>99.93</i>
PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Anne's County Centerville, Maryland 21617</i>				TOTAL \$ <i>276.87</i>
WITNESS my hand at <u>Baltimore, Md.</u> , on this,				
the <u>30th</u> day of <u>June</u> , 19 <u>70</u>				
SIGNATURE <i>Joseph B. Zeiler</i>			TITLE <i>Special Procedures Staff, Advisor</i>	

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 287

UNITED STATES

vs.

David B. Wharton

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 29 day of

Aug, 1969, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber J.P. No. 1, folio 10
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.
Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS EVEN THOUGH NOTICE FILED.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE; FORM.—

(A) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—

(i) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILEING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR REFILEING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective, only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILEING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(i) (3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

DISTRICT:

Baltimore, Maryland

SERIAL NO.

70-S-28

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

David B. Wharton

RESIDENCE

*P.O. Box 237
Centreville, Maryland 21617*

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
<i>941</i>	<i>06/30/68</i>	<i>11/08/68</i>	<i>52-0745142</i>	<i>176.94</i>
<i>941</i>	<i>09/30/68</i>	<i>12/20/68</i>	<i>52-0745142</i>	<i>99.93</i>

PLACE OF FILING

*Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County
Centreville, Maryland 21617*

TOTAL

\$ *276.87*

WITNESS my hand at

Salisbury, Maryland

, on this,

the *26th* day of *August*, 19 *69*.

SIGNATURE

John H. Walsh
John H. Walsh

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 288

UNITED STATES

vs.

Robert R. Ryans

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 4th day of

Aug, 1972 9 A.M.,

and proper entry made in Book No. TSP#1, page 11

Less

Charles W. Beil

Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 288

Form 668

(REV. 8-67)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NO.

70-B-1-45

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on August 29, 1969, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Robert R. Ryans

RESIDENCE

303 Calvert Street,
Chestertown, Maryland 21620

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040A	12-31-67	05-31-68	212-12-3108	474.20
1040	12-31-68	05-02-69	212-12-3108	386.28

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court
of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Maryland

TOTAL \$ 860.48

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,the 2nd day of August, 1972

SIGNATURE

Joseph B. Ziehl

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 1969, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Robert R. Ryan

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 29th day ofAug, 1969, at 9 A.M.Recorded in Liber 288 P. 40.1, filed to
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS EVEN THOUGH NOTICE FILED.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled, in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(i) (3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS	For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore	SERIAL NO. 70-B-1-45	
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER Robert R. Ryans		
RESIDENCE 303 Calvert Street, Chestertown, Maryland 21620		

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040A	12-31-67	05-31-68	212-12-3408	474.20
1040	12-31-68	05-02-69	212-12-3408	386.28
TOTAL				\$ 860.48

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court
of Queen Anne County
Centreville, Maryland

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 28 day of August, 19 69.

SIGNATURE W. H. Guba	TITLE Group Supervisor
------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

VS.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 9th day of

Sept. 1969, at 9 A.M.
 Recorded in Liber J.L.P. No. 1, folio 10,
 Federal Tax Lien Record for Queen
Annie's Co.
Charles W. Cecil
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIENORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 is valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (b) of section 6321.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—If a notice of lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(i) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property situated within the State (or the county or governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, situated within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILEING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILEING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 289

Form 668
(REV. 8-67)

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

Baltimore

SERIAL NO.

70-B-1-49

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Bay Lumber, Inc.

RESIDENCE

Millington, Maryland

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	03-31-69	08-22-69	52-0859963	7,178.20
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$7,178.20

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,the 5 day of September 19 69

SIGNATURE

W. H. Guba

TITLE

Group Supervisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Bay Lumber Co.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 15th day of

Sept

1969, at 9 a.m.

Recorded in Liber J.B.P. No. 1, folio 10.
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anna's Co.Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENS, AND JUDGMENT LIENS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (b) if such notice of lien has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—Even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(i) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, whether tangible or intangible, the lien is situated in the State (or the county, or the governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, the lien is situated in the State (or the county, or the governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (e) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(e) REFILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located;

(3) REQUIRED REFILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 290

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS				For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT Baltimore		SERIAL NO. 70-B-1-56			
<p>Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.</p>					
NAME OF TAXPAYER Bay Lumber, Inc.					
RESIDENCE Millington, Maryland 21651					
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)	
941	06-30-69	08-29-69	52-0859963	2,922.73	
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL	\$ 2,922.73

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland, on this,

the 11 day of September, 19 69.

SIGNATURE W. H. Guba	TITLE Group Supervisor
--------------------------------	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 291

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Re 33197

Filed this 13th day of

Feb, 1970 4:15 P.M.,

and proper entry made in 2A.P.

Book No. 1, page 10

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (~~or Registrar~~).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)



Lien # 291

\$3.00 P&.

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN				For Optional Use By Recording Office	
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.		SERIAL NO. 70-S-61			
<p>I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>October 6</u>, 19<u>69</u>, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.</p>					
NAME OF TAXPAYER Edward W. S. & Nellie F. Hall					
RESIDENCE Route 1, Box 386 Chester, Maryland 21619					
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)	
941	6/30/67 9/30/67	12/13/68	52-0209669	\$3,041.32	
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL	\$ 3,041.32

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 28th day of January, 19 70

SIGNATURE 	TITLE Special Procedures Advisor
--	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Edward W. S. Hull
Nellie F. Hull

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 6th day of

October, 1969, at 9 a.m.
Recorded in Liber C.W.C. No. 1, folio 10
Federal Tax Lien Record for Q. & Co.

Charles W. Casel
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS EVEN THOUGH NOTICE FILED.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE; FORM.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(i) (3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

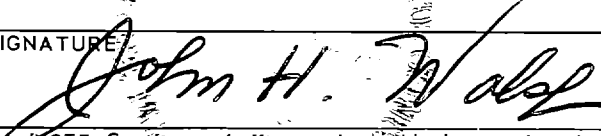
(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE			For Optional Use By Recording Office
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS				
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.		SERIAL NO. 70-S-61		
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER Edward W. S. & Nellie F. Hull				
RESIDENCE Route 1, Box 386 Chester, Maryland 21619				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	6/30/67 9/30/67	12/13/68	52-0809669	\$3,041.32
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland			TOTAL	\$ 3,041.32

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 1st day of October, 19 69

SIGNATURE 	TITLE Group Supervisor
---	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 292

UNITED STATES

vs.

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 10th day of

Dec, 19 71 9 A M.

and proper entry made in Fed Tax Lien

Rec Book No. TSP #1, page 11

Charles W. Cies
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 292

DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT

SERIAL NO.

Baltimore, Md.

70-8-65

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(o), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on October 7, 1969, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Frederick D. & Alice G. Smith

RESIDENCE

**Chestnut Hill Farm
 Centreville, Md.**

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-67	8-30-68	215-20-2274	613.48
1040	12-31-68	5-23-69	215-20-2274	422.16
PLACE OF FILING				
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.				
TOTAL				\$ 1035.64

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,

the 8th day of December, 1971

SIGNATURE

Joseph B. Julian

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Frederick D. + Alice G. Smith

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 7th day of*October, 1969, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 7.8.P. No. 1, folio 10,
Federal Tax Lien for James A. Smith, Jr.**Charles W. Reed*
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (1) has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS EVEN THOUGH NOTICE FILED.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (1) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(i) (3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (1), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

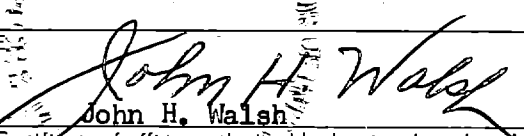
(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE			For Optional Use By Recording Office
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS				
DISTRICT Baltimore, Md.		SERIAL NO. 70-S-65		
<p>Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER Frederick D. & Alice G. Smith				
RESIDENCE Chestnut Hill Farm Centreville, Md.				
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12-31-67	8-30-68	215-20-2274	613.48
1040	12-31-68	5-23-69	215-20-2274	422.16
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.				TOTAL \$ 1035.64

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 3 day of October 1969

SIGNATURE  John H. Walsh	TITLE Group Supervisor
--	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 293

UNITED STATES

vs.

James W. Collins and
Elsie Collins, *W.*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 27th day ofOctober, 1969, at 9 a.m.Recorded in Liber 2. S. P. No. 1, folio 12, a
Federal Tax Lien Book for Charles Ann's
Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor of the taxpayer in which the requirements of subsection (b) have been met if the lien was filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—Even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE.—FORM.—

(A) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, the notice shall be filed in the office within the State (or the county or governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property to which the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, the notice shall be filed in the office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILEING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILING PERIOD.—In the case of a notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING TAX.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 293

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS				For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore, Maryland</i>		SERIAL NO. <i>70-S-82</i>			
<p>Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.</p>					
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>James W. & Elsie Collins</i>					
RESIDENCE <i>Queenstown, Maryland 21658</i>					

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/68	07/04/69	219-03-1593	1,039.57

PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>	TOTAL \$ <i>1,039.57</i>
---	--------------------------

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,

the *22nd* day of *October*, 19 *69*.

SIGNATURE <i>John H. Walsh</i> <i>John H. Walsh</i>	TITLE <i>Group Supervisor</i>
---	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Thomas P. Davidson

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 30th day of

October 1969, at 9 A.M.

Recorded in Liber J.B.P. No. 1, folio 12.
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (b) of section 544 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, in which the lien was filed.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—Even though notice imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(i) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, one office within the State (or the county or governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refilled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refilled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refilled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (1) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (1), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 294

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS	For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore</i>	SERIAL NO. <i>70-8-85</i>	
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER <div style="text-align: center; padding: 10px;"><i>Thomas P. Davidson</i></div>		
RESIDENCE <div style="text-align: center; padding: 10px;"><i>Church Hill, Maryland 21623</i></div>		

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
2290	06/30/69	08/02/68	526951872006-8	180.00
PLACE OF FILING <div style="text-align: center; padding: 10px;"><i>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland 21617</i></div>				TOTAL \$ 180.00

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this, the 27th day of October, 19 69.

SIGNATURE <div style="text-align: center; padding: 10px;"><i>John H. Walsh</i></div>	TITLE <div style="text-align: center; padding: 10px;"><i>Group Supervisor</i></div>
---	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 294

UNITED STATES

V S .

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this _____ day of

_____, 19____ M.,

and proper entry made in _____

_____ Book No. _____, page _____

Clerk (or Registrar).

COINLLA

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY — INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

For Optional Use By Recording Office

DISTRICT
BaltimoreSERIAL NUMBER
70-S-85

I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on October 30, 1969, is hereby authorized to make notation on the books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Thomas P. Davidson

RESIDENCE

Church Hill, Maryland 21623

RECEIVED
CLERK, CIRCUIT COURT
1977 OCT 10 AM 10:49
QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY

KIND OF TAX (a)	TAX PERIOD ENDED (b)	DATE OF ASSESSMENT (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
2290	06/30/69	08/02/68	526951872006-8	180.00

PLACE OF FILING

Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County
Centerville, Maryland 21617

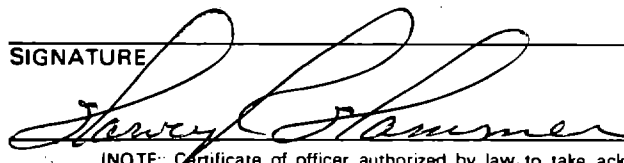
TOTAL \$ 180.00

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Maryland

on this,

the 7th day of October, 19 77

SIGNATURE



TITLE

Chief, Special Procedures Staff

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-1, 125.)

No. 295

UNITED STATES

vs.

William George Newnam, Jr.

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 17th day of

November, 1969, at 9:00 a.m.
Recorded in Liber J.B.P. No. 1, folio 12, a
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.

Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (b) filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—THOUGH NOTICE FILED.—Even though notice imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE; FORM.—

(i) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, one office within the State (or the county, governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (1) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING TAX.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (1), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to ride by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



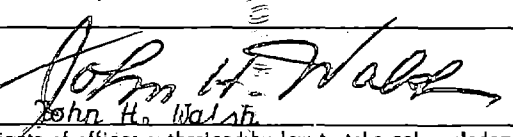
Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore</i>		SERIAL NO. 70-S-100		
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>William George Newnam, Jr.</i>				
RESIDENCE <i>Crumpton, Maryland 21628</i>				

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040A	12/31/66	05/31/68	215-20-0769	573.32

PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>	TOTAL	\$ 573.32
---	-------	-----------

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,

the *10th* day of *November*, 19 *69*.

SIGNATURE  <i>John H. Walsh</i>	TITLE <i>Group Supervisor</i>
--	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Robert J. Yates

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 18th day of

November, 1969, at P.O. A. M.

Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 12,
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.
Charles W. Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIENORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor of such property, if the requirements of subsection (b) are met.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—If notice of lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE FORM.—

(i) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, whether tangible or intangible, situated within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, situated within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (1)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING TAX LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 296

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE			For Optional Use By Recording Office
NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS				
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore</i>		SERIAL NO. 70-S-102		
<p>Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.</p>				
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>Robert T. Yates</i>				
RESIDENCE <i>Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>				

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/68	05/23/69	212-03-1954	318.47

PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>	TOTAL	\$ 318.47
---	-------	-----------

WITNESS my hand at *Salisbury, Maryland*, on this,

the *13th* day of *November*, 19 *69*.

SIGNATURE <i>John H. Walsh</i>	TITLE <i>Group Supervisor</i>
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Arthur Wilson

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 18th day of

November, 1969, at 9:00 p.m.
Recorded in Liber J.S.P. No. 1, folio 12
Federal Tax Record for Queen Anne's Co.Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIENHOLDERS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor until the date on which the requirements of subsection (f) are met.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—Even though notice imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in the county or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in the county or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING TAX.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 297

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS				For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <i>Baltimore</i>		SERIAL NO. 70-S-103			
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.					
NAME OF TAXPAYER <i>Arthur Wilson</i>					
RESIDENCE <i>Queenstown, Maryland 21658</i>					

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040A	12/31/67	05/17/68	218-40-7354	123.19

PLACE OF FILING <i>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County Centreville, Maryland 21617</i>	TOTAL \$ 123.19
---	-----------------

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 13th day of November, 19 69.

SIGNATURE <i>John H. Walsh</i>	TITLE <i>Group Supervisor</i>
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 4950-51, 125.)

No. 298

UNITED STATES

vs.

Tuel

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 8th day of

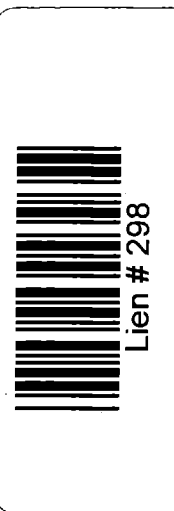
July, 1970 10 A.M.,

and proper entry made in TSP

Book No. 1, page 13

Charles W Cecil

Clerk (or Registrar).



Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN	For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <u>Baltimore</u>	SERIAL NO. <u>70-8-127</u>	
I hereby certify that as to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6325(a), Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on <u>January 5</u> , 19 <u>70</u> , is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER <u>Roger L. & Deane Tuel</u>		
RESIDENCE <u>Queenstown, Maryland 21658</u>		

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/68	05/23/69	215-38-2000	705.83

PLACE OF FILING <u>Clerk of the Circuit Court for Queen Annes County</u> <u>Centreville, Maryland 21617</u>	TOTAL \$ <u>705.83</u>
---	------------------------

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,
the 7th day of July, 19 70

SIGNATURE <u>Joseph R. Zula</u>	TITLE <u>Special Procedures Advisor</u>
------------------------------------	--

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

UNITED STATES

vs.

Roger L. + Doreana Tush

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 5th day ofJanuary, 1970, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber 22, P. 11, folio 12,
Federal Tax Lien for P.A. Co.

Charles W. Creed

Clerk (or Registrar).

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS EVEN THOUGH NOTICE FILED.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(i) (3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

SERIAL NO.

~~70-S-127~~

NAME OF TAXPAYER

RÉSIDENCE

UNPAID BALANCE
OF ASSESSMENT
(e)

705.83

TOTAL

\$ 705.83

the 29th day of December, 19 69.

active
Group Supervisor

PART 1—To be retained by recording office

No. 299

UNITED STATES

vs.

Glenn Asa James
Glenn A. James & Co
Grasonville, Md 21638

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 14th day of

January, 1970, at 9 A.M.
 Recorded in Liber E. & D. No. 1, folio 12
 a Federal Lien Record for Queen Anne's Co.

Charles W. Cecil
 Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIENITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor of the taxpayer if the requirements of subsection (b) have been met.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS.—If a notice of lien has been filed, such notice shall not be valid—

(1) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(i) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in section (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property situated within the State (or the county or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, situated within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REFILEING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (1) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REFILEING PERIOD.—In the case of notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.



Lien # 299

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)	U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS	For Optional Use By Recording Office
DISTRICT <u>Baltimore, Md.</u>	SERIAL NO. <u>70-S-131</u>	
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.		
NAME OF TAXPAYER <u>Glenn Asa James</u> <u>Glenn A. James & Co.</u>		
RESIDENCE <u>Grasonville, Md. 21638</u>		

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
941	6/30/68	12/24/69	52-0851504	\$571.19
941	9/30/68	12/24/69	52-0851504	659.95
941	12/31/68	12/24/69	52-0851504	1607.99
941	3/31/69	12/24/69	52-0851504	1811.85
941	6/30/69	12/24/69	52-0851504	1990.44
941	9/30/69	12/24/69	52-0851504	1639.86
941	12/31/69	12/24/69	52-0851504	345.93
940	12/31/69	12/24/69	52-0851504	448.37

PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County, Centreville, Md.	TOTAL	\$ 9075.58
---	-------	------------

WITNESS my hand at Salisbury, Maryland, on this,

the 8th day of January, 19 70

SIGNATURE <u>Jackson R. Lynn</u>	TITLE <u>acting</u> Group Supervisor
----------------------------------	---

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

300
UNITED STATES

vs.

Rathell

RELEASE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 8th day of

July, 1980 10⁰⁰ A.M.,

and proper entry made in TSP

Book No. 1, page 13

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).



Lien # 300

RELEASE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN

SERIAL NO.

Baltimore

70-0-1502

As to the following-named taxpayer the requirements of Section 6321 of the Internal Revenue Code, have been satisfied with respect to the taxes enumerated below, together with all statutory additions provided by Section 6321; and that the lien for such taxes and statutory additions has thereby been released. The proper officer in the office where notice of internal revenue tax lien was filed on January 14, 19 70, is hereby authorized to make notation on his books to show the release of said lien, insofar as the lien relates to the following taxes.

NAME OF TAXPAYER

Charles B., Jr. & Constance H. Rathall

RESIDENCE

Rt 1 Box 121B, Queen Anne, Maryland 2657

CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)
1040	12/31/68	7/18/69	220 30 2026	\$5,110.35
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL \$ 5,110.35

WITNESS my hand at Baltimore, Md., on this,
the 7th day of July, 19 70

SIGNATURE

Joseph B. Zeiler

TITLE

Special Procedures Advisor

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)

No. 300

UNITED STATES

vs.

*Charles R. Jr. & Constance M.
Rathell*

NOTICE OF TAX LIEN

Filed this 14th day of

January, 1970, at 9 A.M.
Recorded in Liber D.A.P. No. 1, folio 12
Federal Tax Lien for Queen Anne's Co.

Charles W. Cecil
Clerk (or Registrar).

FORM 668 (REV. 8-67)

EXCERPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

SEC. 6321. LIEN FOR TAXES

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AND PRIORITY AGAINST CERTAIN PERSONS.

(a) PURCHASERS, HOLDERS OF SECURITY INTERESTS, MECHANIC'S LIENORS, AND JUDGMENT LIEN CREDITORS.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate.

(b) PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN INTERESTS EVEN THOUGH NOTICE FILED.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(f) PLACE FOR FILING NOTICE: FORM.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws.—

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraph (1), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at

which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) REILING OF NOTICE.—For purposes of this section—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) PLACE FOR FILING.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or his delegate received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary or his delegate) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) REQUIRED REILING PERIOD.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

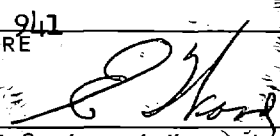
(i) (3) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIEN.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to provide by regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lien may be disclosed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax if—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Form 668 (REV. 8-67)		U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT - INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS			For Optional Use By Recording Office	
DISTRICT Baltimore		SERIAL NO. 70-0-458				
Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer.						
NAME OF TAXPAYER Charles R., Jr. & Constance M Rathell						
RESIDENCE Rt 1 Box 121B, Queen Anne, Maryland 2657						
CLASS OF TAX (Tax Return Form No.) (a)	PERIOD ENDED (b)	ASSESSMENT DATE (c)	IDENTIFYING NUMBER (d)	UNPAID BALANCE OF ASSESSMENT (e)		
1040	12/31/68	7/18/69	220 30 2026	5,110.35		
PLACE OF FILING Clerk of the Circuit Court of Queen Anne County Centreville, Maryland				TOTAL	\$ 5,110.35	
WITNESS my hand at <u>Baltimore, Maryland</u> , on this,						
the <u>7th</u> day of <u>January</u> , 19 <u>70</u>						
SIGNATURE 			TITLE Chief, Processing & Review			
(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien G.C.M. 26419, C.B. 1950-51, 125.)						
PART 1—To be retained by recording office						